Tower Hamlets Council Local Government Pension Scheme

PENSIONS BOARD

Monday, 12 March 2018 at 10.00 a.m.
MP704, 7th Floor, Town Hall, Mulberry Place, 5 Clove Crescent,
London E14 2BG.

This meeting is open to the public to attend.

Members:

Chair: John Jones

Vice-Chair: David Stephen Thompson

Stephen Stratton, (Active Fund Members' Representative)

John Gray, (Admitted Bodies Representative for Active Fund Members) Councillor Dave Chesterton, (Representing Pension Fund Employers)

Minesh Jani, (Representing Pension Fund Employers)

1 Vacancy, (Representing Admitted Bodies Employers)

Substitutes:

Roger Jones, (Representing Pension Fund Employers)

Contact for further enquiries:

Georgina Wills, Democratic Services.

Tel: Georgina Wills, Democratic Services.

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Web: http://www.towerhamlets.gov.uk/committees

Scan this code to your mobile phone to view Committee website.



1. APOLOGIES

2. **DECLARATIONS OF DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTERESTS** (Pages 5 - 8)

3. PETITIONS

4. UNRESTRICTED MINUTES (Pages 9 - 20)

To confirm as a correct record of the proceedings the unrestricted minutes of the meeting of the Pensions Board held on 27 November 2017.

5. SUBMISSIONS FROM FUND MEMBERS

To consider any written submissions from Fund Members/Stakeholders.

(Submissions must be received by the Clerk to the meeting no later than 5.00p.m. on the day before the meeting.)

6. SUBMISSIONS / RESPONSES FROM PENSIONS COMMITTEE

7. DISCUSSION AND PRESENTATION FROM THE PENSIONS REGULATOR (TPR)

8. REPORTS FOR CONSIDERATION

- 8.1 The Pensions Regulator Compliance Checklist For Tower Hamlets Pension Fund (Pages 21 50)
- 8.2 Local Pension Board General Remit and LBTH Pensions Board Work Plan For 2018/19 (Pages 51 62)

9. DISCUSSION ON OUTCOME OF THE PENSIONS BOARD TRAINING ANALYSIS

10. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS PENSIONS COMMITTEE (Pages 63 - 72)

To note the unrestricted minutes of the meeting of the Pensions Committee held on 29 November 2017

11. PENSIONS COMMITTEE AGENDA FOR THE FORTHCOMING MEETING

- A. Verbal update on letter sent to London CIV on behalf of Pensions Board and Pensions Committee
- B. Discussion on the response to the London CIV Strategy Consultation.

Pensions Committee Agenda to follow.

12. ANY OTHER UNRESTRICTED BUSINESS

To consider any other unrestricted business which the Chair has deemed to be urgent.

Verbal update on Insurance Indemnity for Pensions Board Members

13. DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

Scheduled Pensions Board dates for the 2018 – 2019 Municipal Year to be confirmed.

14. EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

In view of the contents of the remaining items on the agenda the Committee is recommended to adopt the following motion:

"That, under the provisions of Section 100A of the Local Government Act 1972, as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985, the press and public be excluded from the remainder of the meeting for the consideration of the Section Two business on the grounds that it contains information defined as Exempt in Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act, 1972."

EXEMPT SECTION (Pink Papers)

The exempt committee papers in the agenda will contain information, which is commercially, legally or personally sensitive and should not be divulged to third parties. If you do not wish to retain these papers after the meeting, please hand them to the Committee Officer present.

15. RESTRICTED MINUTES (Pages 73 - 74)

To confirm as a correct record of the proceedings the restricted minutes of the meeting held on 27 November 2017.

16. **RESTRICTED MINUTES OF THE PENSIONS COMMITTEE** (Pages 75 - 76)

To note the restricted minutes of the meeting of the Pensions Committee held on 29 November 2017.

The next meeting of the Pensions Board to be confirmed.



DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS - NOTE FROM THE MONITORING OFFICER

This note is for guidance only. For further details please consult the Members' Code of Conduct at Part 5.1 of the Council's Constitution.

Please note that the question of whether a Member has an interest in any matter, and whether or not that interest is a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest, is for that Member to decide. Advice is available from officers as listed below but they cannot make the decision for the Member. If in doubt as to the nature of an interest it is advisable to seek advice **prior** to attending a meeting.

Interests and Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (DPIs)

You have an interest in any business of the authority where that business relates to or is likely to affect any of the persons, bodies or matters listed in section 4.1 (a) of the Code of Conduct; and might reasonably be regarded as affecting the well-being or financial position of yourself, a member of your family or a person with whom you have a close association, to a greater extent than the majority of other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the ward affected.

You must notify the Monitoring Officer in writing of any such interest, for inclusion in the Register of Members' Interests which is available for public inspection and on the Council's Website.

Once you have recorded an interest in the Register, you are not then required to declare that interest at each meeting where the business is discussed, unless the interest is a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest (DPI).

A DPI is defined in Regulations as a pecuniary interest of any of the descriptions listed at **Appendix A** overleaf. Please note that a Member's DPIs include his/her own relevant interests and also those of his/her spouse or civil partner; or a person with whom the Member is living as husband and wife; or a person with whom the Member is living as if they were civil partners; if the Member is aware that that other person has the interest.

Effect of a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest on participation at meetings

Where you have a DPI in any business of the Council you must, unless you have obtained a dispensation from the authority's Monitoring Officer following consideration by the Dispensations Sub-Committee of the Standards Advisory Committee:-

- not seek to improperly influence a decision about that business; and
- not exercise executive functions in relation to that business.

If you are present at a meeting where that business is discussed, you must:-

- Disclose to the meeting the existence and nature of the interest at the start of the meeting or when the interest becomes apparent, if later; and
- Leave the room (including any public viewing area) for the duration of consideration and decision on the item and not seek to influence the debate or decision

When declaring a DPI, Members should specify the nature of the interest and the agenda item to which the interest relates. This procedure is designed to assist the public's understanding of the meeting and to enable a full record to be made in the minutes of the meeting.

Where you have a DPI in any business of the authority which is not included in the Member's register of interests and you attend a meeting of the authority at which the business is considered, in addition to disclosing the interest to that meeting, you must also within 28 days notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest for inclusion in the Register.

Further advice

For further advice please contact:-

Asmat Hussain, Corporate Director for Governance and Monitoring Officer. Tel 020 7364 4800

APPENDIX A: Definition of a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest

(Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012, Reg 2 and Schedule)

Subject	Prescribed description
Employment, office, trade, profession or vacation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by the Member in carrying out duties as a member, or towards the election expenses of the Member. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.
Contracts	Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the relevant authority—
	(a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and(b) which has not been fully discharged.
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the relevant authority.
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer.
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the Member's knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the relevant authority; and (b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where— (a) that body (to the Member's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and (b) either—
	(i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or
	(ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.



LONDON BOROUGH OF TOWER HAMLETS

MINUTES OF THE PENSIONS BOARD

HELD AT 10.07 A.M. ON MONDAY, 27 NOVEMBER 2017

MG8, GROUND FLOOR, TOWN HALL, MULBERRY PLACE, 5 CLOVE CRESCENT, LONDON E14 2BG.G.

Members Present:

John Jones (Chair) (Independent Chair)

David Stephen Thompson (Member) (Vice-Chair)

John Gray (Member) (Representing Active Admitted/Statutory

Bodies Pension Fund Members)

Stephen Stratton (Member) Pensions Board Member representing Active

Members

Councillor Dave Chesterton (Member)

Minesh Jani (Member)

(Chair of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee) (Head of Audit and Risk Management, Resource

Other Councillors Present:

None

Others Present:

Kevin Cullen Client Relations Director (London CIV)

Officers Present:

Ngozi Adedeji – (Senior Lawyer, Legal Services)

Suzanne Jones – (Supporting the Divisional Director, Finance)

Kevin Miles – (Chief Accountant, Resources)

Bola Tobun – (Investments and Treasury Manager, Resources)

Georgina Wills – (Committee Services Officer)

1. APOLOGIES

None received.

2. DECLARATIONS OF DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTERESTS

None.

VARY ORDER OF BUSINESS

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At the request of the Chair, the Board agreed to vary the order of business. To aid clarity, the minutes are presented in the order that the items originally appeared on the agenda.

3. PETITIONS

None received.

4. UNRESTRICTED MINUTES

The minutes of the meeting held on 16 October 2017 were agreed and approved as a correct record.

Matters Arising

Item 4 Unrestricted Minutes; Matters Arising (Item 5.1 ESG Factors) – Baillie Gifford / Tesla Poor Labour Practise

Further to the concern raised by John Gray on Tesla's health and safety record and their refusal to talk to trade union which has been in the media again.

Members were advised that the LCIV sub fund manager Baillie Gifford (BG) has communicated as thus – BG advised that the most recent health & safety failings at Tesla factories are of concern to them, and there are also questions about labour relations. BG advised they will be addressing this with Tesla, by encouraging them to disclose more data so they and other investors can get to the facts behind the problems. BG also said they will question Tesla from a governance angle why Tesla has nobody with manufacturing experience on the board who may be able to help respond to these challenges.

At current there is no further information about companies refusing to engage with Trade Unions.

Item 7 Presentation From PIRC on Local Authority Investments League Table

Members requested that the Annual Performance Review of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund be included as part of their Work Plan.

Item 8 Presentation From Mercer, Fund Investment Consultant

Members commented about the New Investment Strategy and agreed that it was a good strategy. Members advised that they were supportive of the Strategy and agreed that this should be communicated in writing to the Pensions Committee.

5. SUBMISSIONS FROM FUND MEMBERS

None.

6. SUBMISSIONS / RESPONSES FROM PENSION COMMITTEE

None.

7. DISCUSSION AND PRESENTATION FROM LONDON CIV ON GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENT, STEWARDSHIP AND ENGAGEMENT

The Board received a presentation from Kevin Cullen, Client Relations Director, London CIV. The London CIV aims to be the investment vehicle of choice for Local Authority Pensions Funds. The London CIV has a total of £6.1bn Assets Under Management (AUM) across 10 sub-funds and a £6.9bn AUM in passive outside the CIV Platform. The London CIV is undergoing a recruitment drive and will expanding their Investment Team. The Board during a question and answer session noted the following.

- The LBTH Pension Fund is the second largest investor at the London CIV and has total of £590m AUM. Wandsworth Council is the largest investor.
- The London CIV is working on the 1st Infrastructure investment Invest Fund and will be facilitating an Information Day in January 2018. An invite will be sent to Pensions Board and Pension Committee members. The Board was advised that expectations would need to be managed about when funds will be up and running and that the legal aspect takes a while to be set up.
- Members commented that a former Chancellor of Exchequer had proposed that Pension Funds be used to fund infrastructure and noted that a number of debates and discussion had been held about the above. At current there are no projects undergoing. Members raised concerns about the LCIV being used to fund such projects and noted that elections were scheduled to take place next year. The Board noted that the proposed Silver Town Tunnel in East London continued to remain a controversial subject.
- There are Quarterly Manager Review Meetings. These meetings are robust and involve challenges and the 'write ups' are sent to Boroughs. There is also a regular newsletter. Reports are sent automatically to client and made available in the portal. The information contained in the above are fed into the Pensions Committee Reports.
- There is continuing drive to ensure that the best products are put forward for clients. The London CIV was reported to be best in their class.
- There are Oversight and termination policies which Boroughs can redeem at any time.
- The London CIV (LCIV) is currently signed up to the Stewardship Code as a Tier 1 Asset Owner.
- LAPFF voting alerts have been passed onto Fund Managers
- Members noted that there were no employee representation on the LCIV and noted that the body is modelled on the Government structure. Members commented that the LBTH Fund has representatives from both Employee and Active Members and asked whether this arrangement is replicated in the LCIV and questioned

what challenges and scrutiny process was in place. The Board noted that three Directors were both members of the Compliance / Audit / Risk Committee and also the Remuneration Committee. The Board were advised that the LCIV Governance system Review would be published in the forthcoming weeks and that it is better to exclude beneficiaries from the above. Members commented that the exclusion of beneficiaries may cause concerns to be raised and that this may result in clients not 'buying' into the LCIV. The Board noted that the Chair of the Pensions Committee had raised concerns about the lack of representation.

- Twenty out of the 32 London Boroughs have investments in the LCIV
- There are wide ranges of strategies available for Fixed Income. Managers will be launching more strategies; cost savings and ease of will be considered. Members were advised that a balance needed to be sought with all investments and it would be difficult to meet clients every requirements.
- Investment Pools are now required to report to the Secretary of State
- Members raised questions about the LCIV procurement process and were advised that a formal process was in place and various factors are looked at when awarding contracts such as fees and AUM. Consultants are used in the procurement process and also a 'scoring system'. It was reported that a Working Group reviews all information and interviews can last up to four hours.
- Members asked if only larger based Managers were invited to tender for contracts and was advised that a wider stream of managers were used when procuring for Global Equities. The Board was advised that during the above process, markings are checked alongside costs and overheads. Members were advised that new managers were happy to assist clients in meeting their individual objectives.
- Members raised questions about Fund Managers not following voting rules. The voting rules will be explained to Fund Managers. Members were advised that an explanation is sought when voting rules are not adhered to and that younger companies are given some ley way.
- Quarterly meetings are held with Pensions Committee Chairs.
- That LCIV are seeking views from the Borough; members were advised that there was to be Workshop on Growth.

Members thanked Mr Cullen for his presentation and noted that there was a LCIV Board Meeting on 11 January.

RESOLVED

- 1. That feedback is provided about the LCIV Governance Review.
- 2. That LCIV is approached about their Governance arrangements in particular about the same Directors sitting on Remuneration Committees and Compliance/ Audit/ Risk Committees; and
- 3. That Board Members send their views on the LCIV to Officers

8. UPDATE ON INDEMNITY INSURANCE FOR PENSION BOARD

Suzanne Jones, Support to the Divisional Director, Finance and Minesh Jani Head of Service, Risk Management provided a verbal update on obtaining Indemnity Insurance for Pensions Board. Minesh Jani joined the meeting at 10.35am

Members were advised that there was still working progress with securing indemnity insurance for Pensions Board members and that potential policy coverage had been identified. At current there are discussions with other Local Authorities about procuring coverage for their Pensions Board. The Board was advised that two Local Authorities had chosen to purchase Indemnity Insurance for their Pensions Board Members.

Members were reminded that they were not a decision making body and that it needed to be ascertained what were the 'perils' and 'liability' that the Pensions Board faced and whether these were already sufficiently covered or if an additional Indemnity Insurance should be purchased. It is anticipated that Indemnity Insurance for the Pensions Board will cost £5000

RESOLVED

- 1. That Officers circulates potential Indemnity Insurance Policies to Pensions Board Members; and
- 2. That Pensions Board Members provide feedback on the proposed Indemnity Insurance Policies.

9. REPORTS FOR CONSIDERATION

9.1 Risk Register, Risk Management & Internal Controls Policy

Bola Tobun, Investment & Treasury Manager presented a report which detailed the Risk Management Policy for the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund. The report also included a Risk Register and set out the Council's approach to internal controls in respect of the Pensions Fund. The report was tabled at the Pensions Committee on 21 September 2017

Members welcomed the report and were advised that the Risk Management Policy was still in working progress. Officers commented that a lot of work had been undertaken in relation to the document and that further work would continue. Overall the current Risk Management Policy was viewed as a 'good starting point' and it was noted that the document would continue to evolve.

Members held an in-depth discussion about the Risk Management Policy and noted the following.

• Risk - Failure to Manage Cost

There are two methods identified to help manage cost. This includes obtaining a cost breakdown from investment managers and comparing the sums. These figures will determine whether services would be cheaper if they are procured directly or through the LCIV. In addition the cost of Administration would also be considered. Members were advised that the Government produced data about local Authority Pensions Funds and that these figures would be used in benchmarking exercises. The above undertakings would be included in the LBTH Pensions Fund Annual Review

Risk Accounts balance end of May.

Officers advised that work will be undertaken to ensure that steps are in place to ensure that questions are answered throughout the year and that the Service was aiming to publish 2017 / 2018 Accounts before the end of the financial year.

Responsibilities

Members noted the Pensions Board Manager was Bola Tobun, Investment and Treasury Manager, Resources. The Pensions Manager is responsible for overseeing The Tower Hamlets Pensions Fund Risk Management Process (Risk Identification, Risk Analysis, Risk Control and Risk Management)

- Monitoring of the Risk Policy
 Members were advised that the Independent Governor Advisers were
 LBTH Legal Service.
- Key risk to the effective delivery of the Risk Policy
 Members commented about 'Officer's Risk' and were advised that this
 risk would be included.

Members commented that the Pensions Board was rarely mentioned in the document; and was only referred to in Point 2 under Governance Risk (Frequent and extensive turnover of Committee / Board Members). Officers reminded Members that the Risk Management Policy was still in working progress and advised that Members of the Board and Committee received sufficient training and that they needed to be pro-active about attendance at meetings.

Members raised questions about GOV15, (Failure to Comply with Guidance Issued by The Pensions Regulator TPR) and noted that one of the risks was that the Council could experience reputational damage. Members noted that both the Pensions Board and Pensions Committee were part of the mitigating control factors in relation GOV15. Members stressed that there should be one key owner in relation to GOV15 and that controls/ mitigation should not be shared. Members advised that the role of the Pensions Board should be explained

Members highlighted that there were risk in relation to Councillor in particular surrounding their learning and training. The Pensions Board noted that there were to be local elections in the forthcoming year and that some Councillors will not be returning. Members commented on the importance of providing tailored training for new Councillors and that consideration is made in how information is presented to the said individuals. Members advised Officers about the risk involved with the Pensions Committee membership altering and stressed that this matter is given due consideration.

Members held a brief discussion about their Training Plan and requested that officers review the Plan and ensure that well received modules are replicated in the next training manual. This is hoped to ensure continuity of learning. Members commented that training on Asset Allocation should take priority and noted that it was one of the most significant modules.

Members were advised that the Modules toolkit (Pensions Regulator) monitored attendance at training, records scores and also details what modules have been completed by individuals. This information can be printed. Officers advised Members that they had a good training record and that a 'traffic light' system was in place which flags up any concerns about individuals Members not participating with the set learning. Members were reminded that training modules could be completed in their own pace and were requested to complete all modules by 12 March 2018.

Members noted that the Fund agreement policy required potential admitted bodies to have a guarantor / bond in place and requested that officers provide further information about the requirement. The Board was advised that it was a legal requirement for such bodies to have a Guarantor.

The meeting held further discussion about the risk register and commented that Risk GOV 6, Members having undisclosed conflict of interest, was not a risk. Members agreed that only major critical risks should be included in the Risk Register.

Members welcomed the Risk Register, Management & Internal Controls Policy and commented that the document was a good start and stressed that consideration should be made on how the document will be presented.

RESOLVED

- 1. To note the contents of the report in respect to the Risk Register, Risk Management and Internal Controls
- 2. That Pension Board Members complete all Pensions Regulator Modules by 12 March 2018; and
- 3. That further information be provided about the requirement of potential Admitted bodies having a guarantor/bond in place.

9.2 Work Plan and Training Review by Pensions Board November 2017/18

Bola Tobu, Investment and Treasury Manager presented a report which gave an outline of their work plan and detailed the reasons for a training and development programme for the Pensions Board members.

The report explains the requirement for good governance of the Pension Fund and the framework of legislation, regulation and guidance which the Fund must comply with and that therefore there is a need for a formal training programme for Members of the Pensions Board.

Members were advised that a training needs analysis had been circulated to individuals. The analysis will highlight any knowledge gaps and also inform what trainings were available to fill the void. The Board agreed that Officers should consult members of the Pensions Board and Pensions Committee on what training courses they found to be useful and that a training plan be devised during the forthcoming weeks and is ready and finalised for the new municipal year.

Members held a discussion about former training facilitators and were advised that State Street were structuring a training programme. LGA Fundamental, LPF Seminars and Chatham House were noted for providing and hosting excellent courses and training. Members commented about Away Days and agreed that more of them should take place. Officers advised the Board that training provided will be in various formats which include 1-2-1 sessions, presentations, seminars and conferences. Members were reminded that training was part of the Regulators Toolkit and that this was considered as a low risk.

The Board noted that they had an Independent Chair and commented that that both the Pensions Board and Pensions Committee were beacons for good practise in terms of development and progress of their Members. The Chair suggested that the Pensions Regulator be invited to attend a meeting.

Officers were reminded that the Pensions Board current meeting times may need to be reviewed in the new municipal year. The Board noted that their membership was to change.

RESOLVED

- Note the current training and development policy for the Tower Hamlets Pension Fund attached as Appendix 1
- Note and review work plan (attached as Appendix 2) is in line with core functions as outlined in the Tower Hamlets Pension Board terms of reference (attached as appendix 3)
- 3. Note and review the training log (attached as appendix 4) for addition of identified training needs or changes to the proposed schedule training

- 4. The Work Plan be reviewed in the next 18 months; and
- 5. Officers be informed of any duplication found in the Work Plan

10. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS PENSIONS COMMITTEE

The Board reviewed the minutes of the Pension Committee held on 21 September 2017 and noted the contents.

11. PENSIONS COMMITTEE AGENDA FOR THE FORTHCOMING MEETING (29.11.17)

The Board noted the Agenda for the meeting which was to be held on 29 November 2017.

Item 6.1 Updated Investment Strategy Statements, November 2017.

Members noted that Multi Asset Credit was part of their new strategy and that they had received a presentation from Mercer, Fund Investment Consultant. The Board welcomed and supported the decision for the LBTH LGPS to invest in Low Carbon and were advised that that two member's enquiry had been received about the Funds commitment to disinvest fossil fuels. Officers advised that an information sheet will be devised and will be used to answer general enquiries. The document will be forwarded to the Chair of the Pensions Committee and the Corporate Director of Resource for comments before put in circulation.

John Gray, Admitted Bodies Representative for Active Fund Members, advised the Board that he had received enquiries from Tower Hamlets Disinvestment about the LBTH LGPS commitment to disinvest fossil fuels. The Interest Group were advised to get in contact with the Trade Unions.

Members noted that One Housing Group was undergoing a consultation with its members about withdrawing from the LBTH LGPS and commented that scheme members should be encouraged to remain. Members noted that process may lead to a deputation and commented that it would be unhealthy for TUPE scheme members to withdraw from the LBTH LGPS. One Housing Groups past contributions will be frozen. Officers advised members that the matter within One Housing Groups was largely an employment relation matter and not related to the Fund.

Members noted that the funding level had increased and that the Fund's performance was good and doing well. Officers advised that Actuaries will be liaised with if there were any breaks with contributions

6.3 Investment and Fund Managers Performance Review Quarterly Report Ending 30 September 2017

Members noted that GMO Global Equity Mandate had been terminated and that funds had been transferred in November. The contract will cease by the 1 December 2017.

6.4 Update on Pensions Fund Procurement Plans 2017/18

Members were advised that Panels would be set up for the vacancies.

6.6 Pensions Scheme Admin Report November

Members were advised that recruitment for a Pensions manager had started and that the overall performance of the Team had improved. The Service Area was to undergo restructure

12. ANY OTHER UNRESTRICTED BUSINESS

None

13. DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

To note the scheduled Pensions Board dates.

12 March 2018

14. EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

The Chair moved and it was

RESOLVED

"That, under the provisions of Section 100A of the Local Government Act 1972, as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985, the press and public be excluded from the remainder of the meeting for the consideration of the Section Two business on the grounds that it contains information defined as Exempt in Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act, 1972." This information pertains to paragraphs 1 and 3 of Schedule 12A – information likely to reveal the identity of an individual and information pertaining to the financial and business affairs of an individual including the authority including the authority holding that information.

15. RESTRICTED MINUTES

This item was discussed in closed session.

16. RESTRICTED MINUTES OF PENSIONS COMMITTEE

This item was discussed in closed session.

The meeting ended at 11.55 a.m.

Chair, John Jones Pensions Board



Agenda Item 8.1

Non-Executive Report of the:

Pensions Board

12 March 2018

TOWER HAMLETS

Classification:
Unrestricted

The Pensions Regulator Compliance Checklist For Tower Hamlets Pension Fund

Originating Officer(s)	Bola Tobun, Investment and Treasury Manager
Wards affected	All wards

Summary

From 1_{st} April 2015 the Pensions Regulator (TPR) assumed responsibility for public service pension schemes and put in place codes of practice for public service pension schemes covering a number of areas relating to the management of schemes. The Code of Practice for Public Service Pension Schemes came into force from 1_{st} April 2015 and all schemes must now consider whether they comply with the Code.

This report covers an updated Compliance Checklist for the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund.

Recommendations:

The Pensions Board is recommended to:

• Note the Code of Compliance Checklist and where further work is required and being undertaken.

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1. REASONS FOR THE DECISIONS

- 1.1 There has been much greater focus on whether the governance of LGPS pension funds is appropriate. The introduction of Local Pension Boards and focus on increased training are just two areas of the greater focus. The Pension's Regulator (TPR) now has greater legal powers of oversight that extend this further and the Code of Practice is a useful means to understand what good practice looks like in respect of pension funds.
- 1.2 A good standard of governance is crucial in minimising the key risks involved in managing the Pension Fund. Although there are clear benefits for many schemes of the greater oversight powers that have been given to TPR, ensuring compliance with these areas and the much greater focus on governance results in additional work for officers and advisers of the Fund. Any costs associated with delivering the requirements of this Code and the related legal changes are not material in the context of the Pension Fund and any such costs are recharged to the Pension Fund.

2. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

2.1 There are no alternative options.

3. **DETAILS OF REPORT**

- 3.1 Although following the code itself is not a regulatory requirement, should TPR identify a situation where the legal requirements are being breached, the code will be used as a core reference document when deciding appropriate action.
- 3.2 In recent years there has been much greater focus on whether the governance of LGPS pension funds is appropriate. The introduction of local Pension Boards and focus on increased training are just two areas of the greater focus. TPR's greater legal powers of oversight extend this further and the Code of Practice is a useful means to understand what good practice looks like in these areas.
- 3.3 The Pensions Regulator's Policy on compliance and enforcement sets out the powers and the consequences of not meeting the requirements under the Code which could have financial consequences and could in extreme cases lead to financial penalties.
- 3.4 The matters covered by Code 14 are:
 - knowledge and understanding for members of pension boards;
 - conflicts of interest;
 - publication of information about pension boards, governance and administration;
 - internal controls;
 - record-keeping;
 - late payment of employer and employee contributions;
 - information about member benefits and disclosure of information to members.
 - internal dispute resolution, and
 - reporting breaches of the law.

- 3.5 In light of the legal powers that have now been placed with TPR and the increasing focus on the governance of public service pension schemes, it is appropriate to consider whether the management of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund meets the overriding legal requirements and the recommended ways of working outlined in TPR's Code of Practice.
- 3.6 An updated checklist as at February 2018 is attached at Appendix 1 for review and comment by the Board. The Fund is generally able to demonstrate good levels of compliance with the Code and these are highlighted in green. Two areas that stood out at the last review of this document whereby had more items that need further attention which are highlighted in red were Internal Dispute Resolution and Providing Information to Members Others.
- 3.7 The items in respect to Internal Dispute Resolution Procedure (IDRP) relates largely to the need to update the IDRP to ensure it includes all required and additional helpful information. The current version is based on the old Communities and Local Government Department (DCLG) sample. This work is in progress and the target is to have this completed before the next Board meeting in July 2018.
- 3.8 There are a number of items requiring attention in Section H: Providing Information to Members and Others. The principal area of concern at the last review of this section relates to the despatch of the Annual Benefits Statements. For this year, the pension administration team have a system in place for swift completion and despatching of statements to members to ensure statutory deadline will be met.
- 3.8 Most of the items requiring attention in Section H are now in progress as they relate to the source and format of information. This work is in progress as well and most of it is now partially compliant and the target is to have this completed before the next Board meeting in July 2018.

4. COMMENTS OF THE CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER

4.1 There are no immediate direct financial consequences arising as a result of this report. However, understanding the risks that exist in respect of the Pension Fund and the management of those risks is important to the overall strategic management of the Pension Fund and the governance role of this Board. Not all risks are quantifiable from a financial perspective however should they not be appropriately managed they could impact on the reputation of the Fund and the Council.

5. LEGAL COMMENTS

5.1 The Pensions Regulator Code of Practice for Public Sector Pensions came into force on the 1st April 2015. The Code introduces the framework for the governance and administration of public service pension schemes and provides an extended regulatory oversight by the regulator. Codes of practice provide practical guidance in relation to the exercise of functions under relevant pension's legislation and set out the standards of conduct and practice expected of those who exercise the functions. It is essential the Pensions Committee undertakes regular monitoring of the management and performance of the fund and use of the compliance checklist will assist with this.

- 5.2 The regulator is required under section 90(2) of the Pensions Act 2004, to issue one or more codes of practice covering specific matters relating to public service pension scheme. The Code is not a statement of the law and there are no penalties for failure to comply with its provisions. However the Authority must ensure that it complies with the underlying legal duties in respect of those matters specified in section 90(2). It is possible to adopt an alternative approach to that set out in the Code, however any such approach must meet any underlying legal duties of the scheme manager. Failure to do so may result in a penalty being imposed and the regulator also has the power to issue an improvement notice under section 13 of the Pensions Act 2004. The notice may be drafted with reference to the code of practice
- 5.3 When exercising its functions, the Pensions Board, must have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful conduct under the Equality Act 2010, the need to advance equality of opportunity and the need to foster good relations between persons who share a protected characteristic and those who don't (the public sector duty).

6. ONE TOWER HAMLETS CONSIDERATIONS

6.1 The Pension Fund Accounts demonstrate financial stewardship of the fund's assets. A financially viable and stable pension fund is a valuable recruitment and retention incentive for the Council.

7. BEST VALUE (BV) IMPLICATIONS

7.1 Any costs associated with delivering the requirements of this Code and the related legal changes are immaterial in the context of the Pension Fund and any such costs are recharged to the Pension Fund.

8. SUSTAINABLE ACTION FOR A GREENER ENVIRONMENT

8.1 There is no Sustainable Action for A Greener Environment implication arising from this report.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

9.1 A good standard of governance is crucial in minimising the key risks involved in managing the Pension Fund. Although there are clear benefits for many schemes of the greater oversight powers that have been given to TPR, ensuring compliance with these areas and the much greater focus on governance results in additional work for officers and advisers of the Fund.

10. CRIME AND DISORDER REDUCTION IMPLICATIONS

10.1 There are no any Crime and Disorder Reduction implications arising from this report.

Linked Reports, Appendices and Background Documents Linked Report

NONE

Appendices

Appendix 1 – LBTH Compliance Checklist as at 23rd February 2018
 Local Government Act, 1972 Section 100D (As amended)
 List of "Background Papers" used in the preparation of this report
 Page 4 of 5

- The Pensions Act 2004
- The Pensions Regulator's Code of Practice

Officer contact details for documents:

Bola Tobun(Investment & Treasury Manager) x4733

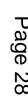


The Pension Regulator's and Scheme Advisory Board Compliance Checklist

Date of Completion: 27/02/2018

Contents

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Introduction
Summary Results Dashboard
A - Reporting Duties
B - Knowledge and Understanding
C - Conflicts of interest
D - Publishing information about schemes F - Managing risk and internal controls
E - Managing risk and internal controls
F - Maintaining accurate member data
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Introduction

This document outlines how the London Borough of Tower Hamlets complies with the Pensions Regulator's (TPR) Code of Practice No 14 Governance and administration of public service pension schemes ('the TPR Code') in relation to the management of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund which is part of the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). It will be updated regularly by officers of the Fund and reported annually to the Pensions Committee and Pension Board (generally in

This document highlights all the key elements of the TPR Code and then evidences whether Tower Hamlets Council meets these areas of best practice. As part of this evidence it shows when the element was last checked and whether, at that point, it was considered fully, partially or not compliant. Where they are partially or not compliant, it also highlights whether Tower Hamlets Council have identified actions to be carried out to improve their current practices. Where an element is not yet active, the commentary will generally still highlight where advanced progress is being made.

Those reading this document should be mindful that the TPR Code applies equally to all public service pension schemes and therefore it is generic in nature. There may be a number of elements that are more specifically stipulated within LGPS legislation and it is not the purpose of this compliance checklist to consider that level of detail.

Further, Tower Hamlets Council may also incorporate key elements of national guidance from the LGPS Scheme Advisory Board into this compliance checklist. This version contains the checklists included as part of the Shadow Scheme Advisory Boards "Guidance on the creation and operation of Local Pension Boards in England and

Key

Frequency of review and last review date: Where a process, policy or practice is officially reviewed at a set interval, the actual interval will be shown as well as the last interval date. However, in many circumstances processes and procedures are ongoing and part of the day – to - day operation of the Fund. In these circumstances, an annual check will be carried out to ensure that the ongoing process meets the TPR Code expectations and therefore the date shown will be the date that annual check was carried out and the frequency will be shown as "ongoing (annual check)".

responsibility Completed: Compliant: relates to employers: Fully completed Fully compliant nployers - Partia compliant In progress Partially compliant Not started Non-compliant Not yet relevant Net yet relevant Not yet relevant

Definitions:

PSPA13 Public Service Pensions Act 2013 LGPS Local Government Pension Scheme

The Pensions Regulator

TPR Code The Pensions Regulator's Code of Practice No 14 Governance and administration of public service pension schemes

For the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund, this is Tower Hamlets Council Scheme Manager

(sometimes referred to as LBTH).
The LGPS specific term for Scheme Manager. For the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund, this is Tower Hamlets Council

(sometimes referred to as LBTH).
The LGPS specific term for Scheme Manager. For the London Borough of Scheme Manag

Local Pension Board

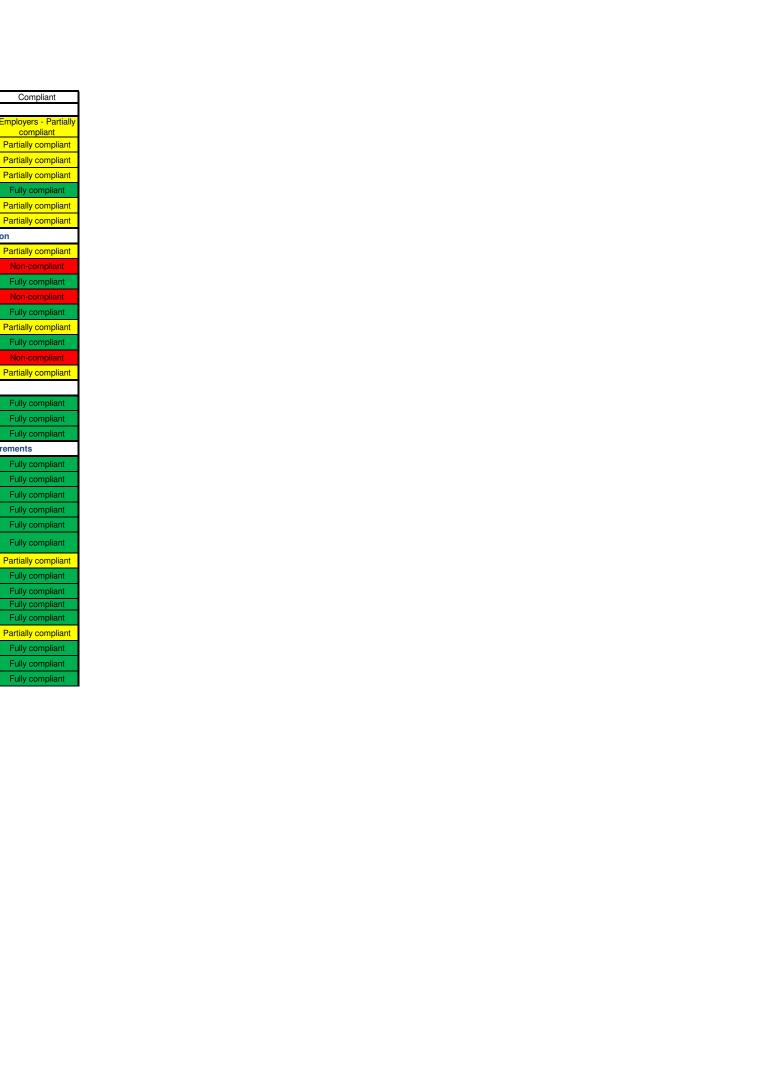
Summary Dashboard

A dashboard showing the summary of the results of the latest compliance checklist is shown below:

No.	Check Completed	Compliant
	Reporting Dutie	s
A1	Fully completed	Fully compliant
A2	Fully completed	Fully compliant
А3	Fully completed	Fully compliant
A4	Fully completed	Fully compliant
Kno	wledge and Understar	nding
B1	Fully completed	Fully compliant
B2	Fully completed	Fully compliant
В3	Fully completed	Fully compliant
B4	Fully completed	Fully compliant
B5	Fully completed	Fully compliant
B6	Fully completed	Fully compliant
B7	7 Fully completed	Fully compliant
B8	Fully completed	Fully compliant
В9	Fully completed	Fully compliant
B10	Fully completed	Partially compliant
B11	Fully completed	Fully compliant
B12	Fully completed	Partially compliant
	Conflicts of Interest	
C1	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C2	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C3	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C4	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C5	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C6	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C7	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C8	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C 9	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C10	Fully completed	Fully compliant
C11	Fully completed	Fully compliant
	Publishing Informatio	n
D1	Fully completed	Fully compliant
D2	Fully completed	Fully compliant
D3	Fully completed	Fully compliant
D4	Fully completed	Fully compliant

No. Check Completed Compliant								
No.	Check Completed Risk and Internal Co	Compliant						
E1	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
E2	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
E3	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
E4	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
E5	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
E6	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
E7	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
E8	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
Maintai	ining Accurate Memb	er Data						
F1	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
F2	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
F3	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
F4	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
F5	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
F6	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
F7	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
F8	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
F9	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
F10	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
F11	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
Ma	intaining Contribution	ons						
G1	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
G2	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
G3	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
G4	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
G5	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
G6	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
G7	Fully completed	Employers - Fully compliant						
G8	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
G9	In progress	Partially compliant						
Providing In	formation to Member	s and Others						
H1	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
H2	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
H3	Fully completed	Fully compliant						
H4	In progress	Partially compliant						
H5	Fully completed	Partially compliant						
H6	Fully completed	Fully compliant						

No.	Check Completed	Compliant							
		Employers - Partially							
H7	In progress	compliant							
H8	Fully completed	Partially compliant							
H9	In progress	Partially compliant							
H10	In progress	Partially compliant							
H11	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
H12	In progress	Partially compliant							
H13	Fully completed	Partially compliant							
Inte	ernal Dispute Resolut	ion							
l1	Fully completed	Partially compliant							
12	Fully completed	Non-compliant							
13	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
14	Fully completed	Non-compliant							
15	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
16	Fully completed	Partially compliant							
17	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
18	In progress	Non-compliant							
19	Fully completed	Partially compliant							
	Reporting Breaches								
J1	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
J2	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
J3	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
Scheme	Advisory Board Requ	irements							
K1	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K2	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K3	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K4	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K5	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K6	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K7	Fully completed	Partially compliant							
K8	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K9	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
N9									
K9 K10	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
-	Fully completed Fully completed	Fully compliant Fully compliant							
K10									
K10 K11	Fully completed	Fully compliant							
K10 K11 K12	Fully completed Fully completed	Fully compliant Partially compliant							



A - Reporting Duties

Note the requirements in this section are not included in the TPR Code but they are a fundamental to the relationship with TPR.

All public service pension schemes have to be registered with TPR. In addition, all schemes must provide a regular scheme return notice from the regulator. The scheme manager must also keep the regulator informed of any changes to registrable scheme details.

Note the requirements in this section are not included in the TPR Code but are a requirement for all schemes.

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
A1	Is your scheme registered with the Pension Regulator?	Managers of public service pension schemes that are 'registrable schemes' must register their scheme with the Pensions Regulator (TPR). A 'registrable scheme' is an occupational or personal pension scheme which is registered with HMRC and has more than one member. HMRC have indicated that the new arrangements for the 2014 LGPS in England and Wales and the 2015 LGPS in Northern Ireland will not be treated by them as new pension schemes, but as part of the schemes that were already in place. Where a scheme doesn't need to be registered further with HMRC, no further registration of that scheme with TPR is required, as existing schemes should already be registered with TPR. However, the managers of these schemes (which may be the local administering authorities) should ensure that their scheme (or part of the scheme for which they are responsible) is properly registered with us. They must also let us know of any changes to their scheme's (or part of the scheme's) 'registrable information' and provide up-to-date information as soon as possible. Managers must provide 'registrable information' when they register with TPR. 'Registrable information' includes details about: - the scheme - the managers of the scheme - employers.		n/a already registered	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant	New registration will only be required if a new LGPS is created that is deemed to be a separate scheme	
A2	Is the information held on the Pensions Regulator's website about the scheme up-to-date?	It is a legal requirement for managers of a scheme to notify TPR of changes to their scheme's registrable information as soon as possible, and they can be fined if they don't do so. In the future the TPR's Exchange online service will be available to view and update schemes' registrable information online. In the meantime, if you need to update information you should contact TPR directly.	Intention will be to update as employers join or leave the scheme and check annually for overall accuracy.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
А3	Have you completed this latest Scheme Return in the required timescale?	Also in the future the TPR will issue bespoke scheme returns for public service schemes to complete. These will ask for registrable and other information on a regular basis (at least every three years). This is in addition to the ongoing duty for managers to notify TPR of changes to registrable information as soon as possible. In the private sector, these are required for TPR on an annual basis and include membership, employer, asset, valuation and contact details. These are issued for completion in around January of each year.		as and when received	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
A4		TPR also intends to issue periodic surveys to gather information in relation to how schemes demonstrate best practice. An initial (sample) survey was issued in March 2013 and a further survey issued during 2015.	Plan is to complete future required survey.	as and when received	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

B - Knowledge and Understanding

Legal Requirements

A member of the pension board of a public service pension scheme must be conversant with:

- the rules of the scheme, and
- · any document recording policy about the administration of the scheme which is for the time being adopted in relation to the scheme.

A member of a pension board must have knowledge and understanding of:

- · the law relating to pensions, and
- any other matters which are prescribed in regulations.

The degree of knowledge and understanding required is that appropriate for the purposes of enabling the individual to properly exercise the functions of a member of the pension board.

No.	. TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
B1	Are there policies and arrangements in place to support pension board members in acquiring and retaining knowledge and understanding?	38 - Schemes should establish and maintain policies and arrangements for acquiring and retaining knowledge and understanding to support their pension board members.	Training policy with appropriate objectives and measurements in place, with reference to the TPR requirements and any other additional requirements for the pension board, such as the recent CIPFA Pension Board knowledge and skills framework.	Ongoing (annual check)		Fully completed	Fully compliant	Next review scheduled for March 2018	
B2	Has a person been designated to take responsibility for ensuring the framework is developed and implemented?	38 - Schemes should designate a person to take responsibility for ensuring that a framework is developed and implemented	Corporate Director of Resources is responsible for the implementation of the policy a. This is detailed in the policy. On a day to day basis (e.g. the work plan) the Investment and Treasury Manager arranges and manages training for PC and LPB members.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
[™] Page 32	Is the Fund providing assistance to pension board members to determine the degree of knowledge and understanding required?	48 - Schemes should assist individual pension board members to determine the degree of knowledge and understanding that is sufficient for them to effectively carry out their role, responsibilities and duties as a pension board member 40 - Being 'conversant' means having a working knowledge of the scheme regulations and policies, so that pension board members can use them effectively when carrying out their duties 49 - Pension board members must have a working knowledge of their scheme regulations and documented administration policies. They should understand their scheme regulations and policies in enough detail to know where they are relevant to an issue and where a particular provision or policy may apply 50 - Pension board members must have knowledge and understanding of the law relating to pensions (and any other prescribed matters) sufficient for them to exercise the functions of their role. Pension board members should be aware of the range and extent of the law relating to pensions which applies to their scheme, and have sufficient understanding of the content and effect of that law to recognise when and how it impacts on their responsibilities and duties. 52 - Pension board members' breadth of knowledge and understanding should be sufficient to allow them to understand fully and challenge any information or advice they are given. They should understand how that information or advice impacts on any issue or decision relevant to their responsibilities and duties. 53 - Pension board members should ensure that they have the appropriate degree of knowledge and understanding of funding and investment matters relating to their scheme to enable them to effectively carry out their role. This includes having a working knowledge of provisions in their scheme to enable them to effectively carry out their role. This includes having a working knowledge and understanding of relevant law relating to pensions. 54 - All board members should attain appropriate knowledge so that they are able to understand the relevant		Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
B4	Are the roles and responsibilities of pension boards and members of pension board clearly set out in scheme documentation?	47 - The roles, responsibilities and duties of pension boards and their individual members will vary between pension schemes. Matters for which the pension board is responsible will be set out in scheme regulations. Clear guidance on the roles, responsibilities and duties of pension boards and the members of those boards should be set out in scheme documentation. 48 - Schemes should assist individual pension board members to determine the degree of knowledge and understanding that is sufficient for them to effectively carry out their role, responsibilities and duties as a pension board member.	Board members Terms of Reference sets out the roles and responsibilities of the Board Members and it forms part of the initial training session (induction) explaining the roles of the different parties involved with the Fund.		27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
B5	Are pension board members aware of their legal responsibility in terms of Knowledge and Understanding?	39 - It is the responsibility of individual pension board members to ensure that they have the appropriate degree of knowledge and understanding to enable them to properly exercise their functions as a member of the pension board.	This is detailed in Terms of Reference and the induction training session has a specific governance training which covers roles and responsibilities and the key statutory documents.	e Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

No. TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
B6 Have all pension board members access to copies of the scheme	rules documented administration policies currently in force for their pension scheme.	Will be part of induction training including welcome pack with key documents included.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
and relevant Fund documentatio								
	42 - The following are examples of administration policies which the regulator considers to be particularly pertinent and would expect to be documented where relevant to a pension scheme, and with which pension board members must therefore be conversant where							
	applicable. This list is not exhaustive:							
	- any scheme-approved policies relating to:							
	A) conflicts of interest and the register of interests							
	B) record-keeping							
	C) internal dispute resolution							
	D) reporting breaches							
	E) maintaining contributions to the scheme							
	F) the appointment of pension board members - risk assessments/management and risk register policies for the scheme							
	- is a season entire and in an elegater pointes of the scheme booklets, announcements and other key member and employer communications, which describe scheme policies and							
	procedures							
	- the roles, responsibilities and duties of the scheme manager, pension board and individual pension board members							
	- terms of reference, structure and operational policies of the pension board and/or any sub-committee							
	- statements of policy about the exercise of discretionary functions							
	- statements of policy about communications with members and scheme employers							
	- the pension administration strategy, or equivalent, and							
	- any admission body (or equivalent) policies.							
	43 - Documents which record policy about the administration of the scheme include those relating to funding and investment matters.							
	For example, where relevant they must be conversant with the statement of investment principles and the funding strategy statement.							
	44 - Pension board members must also be conversant with any other documented policies relating to the administration of the							
	scheme. For example, where applicable, they must be conversant with policies relating to:							
	- the contribution rate or amount (or the range/variability where there is no one single rate or amount) payable by employers							
	participating in the scheme							
D7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- statements of assurance (for example, assurance reports from administrators)	Walland State Control of the Control	0	07/00/0040	E "	E "		
	Fund 46 - Schemes should prepare and keep an updated list of the documents with which they consider pension board members need to ension be conversant. This will enable them to effectively carry out their role. They should make sure that both the list and the documents are	Yes listed in the induction handout and also in the annual report and accounts and training. The	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	completed	Fully compliant		
board members need to be	available in accessible formats.	training policy also molado troso torrio	oncory		completed	Compliant		
conversant in?								
B8 Are all pension board members	55 - Pension board members should invest sufficient time in their learning and development alongside their other responsibilities and	Much of the training has been provided as part of LPB meetings and attendance to date is good. A		27/02/2018	Fully	Fully		
investing sufficient time in their	duties. Schemes should provide pension board members with the relevant training and support that they require. Training is an	log is maintained of who has been to which meeting and training and the record will be reported in	check)		completed	compliant		
learning and development?	important part of the individual's role and will help to ensure that they have the necessary knowledge and understanding to effectively meet their legal obligations.	annual report and accounts as for committee.						
B9 Does the Fund offer pre-appoints		Pre-appointment training is on offer (also mentoring), and once members start they are given	Ongoing (annual	27/02/2018	Fully	Fully		
training for new pension board	begin from the date they take up their post. Therefore, they should immediately start to familiarise themselves with the scheme	training. PB members are all motivated and have been keen to get hold of the required information			completed	compliant		
members or mentoring by existing	regulations, documents recording policy about the administration of the scheme and relevant pensions law. Schemes should offer pre	to date.						
members?	appointment training or arrange for mentoring by existing pension board members.							
ag								
10 Is there a process in place for	This can also ensure that historical and scheme-specific knowledge is retained when pension board members change. 57 - Pension board members should undertake a personal training needs analysis and regularly review their skills, competencies and	See comments in B3 - the knowledge and skills analysis will be carried out annually, albeit to date	Annual	27/02/2018	Fully	Partially		
	board knowledge to identify gaps or weaknesses. They should use a personalised training plan to document and address these promptly.	not all LPB members have completed it.			completed	compliant		
members' level of knowledge an	d	·						
understanding is sufficient for the								
role, responsibilities and duties?	and to acquire new areas of knowledge in the event of any change.							
B11 Are records of learning activities	being 60 - Schemes should keep appropriate records of the learning activities of individual pension board members and the board as a	A log is maintained of who has been to which meeting and training and the record will be reported	Ongoing (each	27/02/2018	Fully	Fully		
maintained?	whole.	in annual report and accounts as for committee.	meeting)		completed	compliant		
	This will help pension board members to demonstrate steps they have taken to comply with legal requirements and how they have							
	mitigated risks associated with knowledge gaps. A good external learning programme will maintain records of the learning activities o	f						
D10. Have the result of the state of	individuals on the programme or of group activities, if these have taken place.	It has been marked at LDD marked and formally at the control of th	Onnelna (con t	07/00/0040	F. III.	Destiell		William
B12 Have the pension board member		It has been mentioned to LPB members and formally set as a requirements. It is agreed this is a	0 0 1	27/02/2018	rully	Partially		Will recommend boa
completed the Pension Regulato toolkit for training on the Code of		useful training tool and need to check with PB members annually, as the modules are being used in training sessions in meetings.	GHECK)		completed	compliant		members carry it out put in policy, and
Practice number 14?	If schemes choose alternative learning programmes they should be confident that those programmes:	traning sessions in meetings.						consider going
Tables named 14.	- cover the type and degree of knowledge and understanding required							through as group in
	- reflect the legal requirements, and							meeting.
i I	- are delivered within an appropriate timescale		1	1				

C - Conflicts of interest

Legal Requirements

The Public Service Pensions Act 2013 sets out the legal requirements for scheme managers and pension boards for conflicts of interest.

In relation to the pension board, scheme regulations must include provision requiring the scheme manager to be satisfied:

- that a person to be appointed as a member of the pension board does not have a conflict of interest and
- from time to time, that none of the members of the pension board has a conflict of interest.

Scheme regulations must require each member or proposed member of a pension board to provide the scheme manager with such information as the scheme manager reasonably requires for the purposes of meeting the requirements referred to above.

Scheme regulations must include provision requiring the pension board to include employer representatives and member representatives in equal numbers.

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
C1	Does the Fund have a conflict of interest policy and procedure, which include identifying, monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest?	76 - Schemes should ensure that there is an agreed and documented conflicts policy and procedure, which includes identifying, monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest. They should keep this under regular review. Policies and procedures should include examples of scenarios giving rise to conflicts of interest, how a conflict might arise specifically in relation to a pension board member and the process that pension board members and scheme managers should follow to address a situation where board members are subject to a potential or actual conflict of interest. 86 - Schemes should establish and operate procedures which ensure that pension boards are not compromised by potentially	Yes - this was prepared and approved June 2016.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Putting in place a formal conflicts policy for the Fund, which includes how to identify and manage potential conflicts and once in place this
		conflicted members. They should consider and determine the roles and responsibilities of pension boards and individual board members carefully to ensure that conflicts of interest do not arise, nor are perceived to have arisen. Toolkit module - The policy should:							should be reviewed of a regular basis (e.g. annually).
		- outline the steps to be followed by pension board members and scheme managers to address a situation where board members have a potential or actual conflict of interest - include a three-stage process to identify, monitor and manage potential conflicts of interest - include examples of scenarios giving rise to conflicts							
C2	Do pension board members have a clear understanding of their role, the circumstances in which they may have a conflict of interest and how to manage potential conflicts?	78 - Schemes should cultivate a culture of openness and transparency. They should recognise the need for continual consideration of potential conflicts. Disclosure of interests which have the potential to become conflicts of interest should not be ignored. Pension board members should have a clear understanding of their role and the circumstances in which they may find themselves in a position of conflict of interest. They should know how to manage potential conflicts.	The pension board (and committee) have had training on the TPR requirements and the requirements in relation to conflicts and this also is briefly set out in the Terms of Reference.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Consider a dedicated training session on the topic including when any policy formally implemented and introduced.
Z Z	Have all Pension Board members provided appropriate information for the Administering Authority to determine whether a conflict exists (or appointment and from time to time)?	79 - Pension board members, and people who are proposed to be appointed to a pension board, must provide scheme managers with information that they reasonably require to be satisfied that pension board members and proposed members do not have a conflict of interest.	PC and LPB have made declarations in line with the Council's Code of Conduct requirements	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		See other actions which cover formal requirements to be documented for the Fund
\$4 0 0 0	Does the appointment process for pension board members require disclosure of interests and responsibilities which could become conflicts of interest?	80 - Schemes should ensure that pension board members are appointed under procedures that require them to disclose any interests, including other responsibilities, which could become conflicts of interest and which may adversely affect their suitability for the role, before they are appointed. 81 - All terms of engagement, for example appointment letters, should include a clause requiring disclosure of all interests, including any other responsibilities, which have the potential to become conflicts of interest, as soon as they arise. All interests disclosed should be recorded. See the section of this code on 'Monitoring potential conflicts'. 82 - Schemes should take time to consider what important matters or decisions are likely to be considered during, for example, the year ahead and identify and consider any potential or actual conflicts of interest that may arise in the future. Pension board members should be notified as soon as practically possible and mitigations should be put in place to prevent these conflicts from materialising.	Yes - this will be declared on application and signing a declaration form before commencing appointment this is to minimise the risk of appointing potentially conflicted members.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Consider including requirement for future members to make declarations at application/preappointment stage to minimise risk of appointing potentially conflicted members.
C5	Is the conflicts policy regularly reviewed?	76 - The conflicts policy and procedure should be regularly reviewed.	Yes (annually).	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Include need for regular review of the policy within policy
26	Does the Fund have a conflicts	83 - As part of their risk assessment process, schemes should identify, evaluate and manage dual interests which have the potential	Yes	Ongoing (annual	27/02/2018	Fully	Fully		wording Include a Pension
	register and it is circulated for ongoing review and published?			check)		completed	compliant		Fund Conflicts regist (for PB and PC) in th conflict policy/proces to be drafted.
		reviewed regularly.							
C7	Is appropriate information included in the register?	Toolkit module - The register should outline areas where potential conflicts may arise and include details of: - all obligations owed by pension boards - all corporate hospitality offered (whether or not it has been accepted) - personal financial interests (such as significant investments in particular organisations) - other employment (for example where a pension board works with more than one scheme or where the spouse/family member of a pension board member works for an organisation which is bidding to provide services to the scheme) - actions or mitigations taken	Yes	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Ensure the conflicts register includes all recommended items
C8	Is there a standing item on the agenda for declaring conflicts of interest?	a 85 - Conflicts of interest should be included as an opening agenda item at board meetings and revisited during the meeting, where necessary. This provides an opportunity for those present to declare any interests, including other responsibilities, which have the potential to become conflicts of interest, and to minute discussions about how they will be managed to prevent an actual conflict arising.	There is a standing item	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
		Toolkit module - At the start of all pension board meetings it is good practice for pension board members to declare whether they have any new conflicts of interest, either due to a change in circumstances, or because of a particular item that is to be considered at the meeting							

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No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
C9	Do those involved know how to report a conflict of interest?	Toolkit module - The policy should set this out.	Members trained at induction and provided with copy of Conflicts Policy annually. Also Policy referred to at start of each meeting	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Include in policy how to highlight a potential conflict.
									Recommend members complete the TPR toolkit traini (or carry out this module as part of ne committee/board training)
C10	Is the number of employer and member representatives on the board in line with legal requirements?	90 - While scheme regulations must require pension boards to have an equal number of employer and member representatives, there is flexibility to design arrangements which best suit each scheme.	The board is made up of 3 member representatives, 3 employer representatives (including 1 Admission Body) and 1 independent chair which meets scheme regulation requirements. There is a vacant post for admitted body employer representation.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
C11	Is the board made up of the appropriate mix of representatives in order to minimise potential conflicts?	91 - Arrangements should be designed with regard to the principles of proportionality, fairness and transparency, and with the aim of ensuring that a pension board has the right balance of skills, experience and representation (for example, of membership categories and categories of employers participating in the scheme). Those responsible for appointing members to a pension board should also consider the mix of skills and experience needed on the pension board in order for the board to operate effectively in light of its particular role responsibilities and duties	It is believed that the make up includes suitable representation from membership and employers and includes an independent chair. it also includes a wide range of quite different backgrounds.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

D - Publishing information about schemes
Legal Requirements
The scheme manager for a public service scheme must publish information about the pension board for the scheme(s) and keep that information up-to-date.

- The information must include:

 who the members of the pension board are
 representation on the board of members of the scheme(s), and
 the matters falling within the pension board's responsibility

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
)1	Does the Administering Authority publish information about the pension board?	95 - Scheme managers must publish the information required about the pension board and keep that information up-to-date. This will ensure that scheme members can easily access information about who the pension board members are, how pension scheme members are represented on the pension board and the responsibilities of the board as a whole.	The Fund website and the Council website provides information relating to the LPB	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
02		96 - When publishing information about the identity of pension board members, the representation of scheme members and matters for which the board is responsible, schemes should also publish useful related information about the pension board such as: - the employment and job title (where relevant) and any other relevant position held by each board member - the pension board appointment process - who each pension board member represents - the full terms of reference for the pension board, including details of how it will operate, and - any specific roles and responsibilities of individual pension board members.	The responsibilities/TOR of the members are on the website The appointment process is not included on the website at this stage (albeit a broad overview of how the members were appointed would be sufficient at this stage).	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
03	Is all the information about the Pension Board kept up-to-date?		All information which is put onto the website is up - to - date so far. The clerk for the committee is responsible for making sure information is uploaded to the website after meetings - and this is also being carried out for the pension board.	check)		Fully completed	Fully compliant		
)4	Does the Administering Authority public information about pension board business?	97 - Schemes should also consider publishing information about pension board business, for example board papers, agendas and minutes of meetings (redacted to the extent that they contain confidential information and/or data covered by the Data Protection Act 1998). They should consider any requests for additional information to be published, to encourage scheme member engagement and promote a culture of transparency.	All meetings and papers (PB and PC) are public (some PC items may be restricted).	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

E - Managing risk and internal controls

Legal Requirements

The scheme manager must establish and operate internal controls which adequately ensure the scheme is administered and managed in accordance with the scheme rules and the requirements of the law.

Internal controls are defined in the legislation as:

- arrangements and procedures to be followed in the administration and management of the scheme systems and arrangements for monitoring that administration and management
- · arrangements and procedures to be followed for the safe custody and security of the assets of the scheme

The legal requirements apply equally where a scheme outsources services connected with the running of the scheme.

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
E1	Is there an agreed process for identifying and recording scheme risks?	106 - Before implementing an internal controls framework, schemes should carry out a risk assessment. They should begin by: - setting the objectives of the scheme - determining the various functions and activities carried out in the running of the scheme, and - identifying the main risks associated with those objectives, functions and activities. 107 - An effective risk assessment process will help schemes to identify a wide range of internal and external risks, which are critical to the scheme and members. When identifying risks, schemes should refer to relevant sources of information, such as records of internal disputes and legislative breaches, the register of interests, internal and external audit reports and service contracts. 108 - Once schemes have identified risks, they should record them in a risk register and review them regularly. Schemes should keep appropriate records to help scheme managers demonstrate steps they have taken to comply, if necessary, with legal requirements.	The Fund Risk Management and Internal Controls Policy to be tabled for approval at the September 2017 Committee meeting. The ension Manager has fed into the identification of the administration risks with the Council's risk manager for LBTH and also formally for the pension fund.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		
E2	Does the Fund have an adequate process to evaluate risks and establish internal controls?	109 - Not all risks will have the same potential impact on scheme operations and members or the same likelihood of materialising. Schemes should consider both these areas when determining the order of priority for managing risks and focus on those areas where the impact and likelihood of a risk materialising is high. 110 - Many pension schemes will already have adequate internal controls in place, some of which may apply to a variety of the functions of the administering authority. Schemes should review their existing arrangements and procedures to determine whether they can prevent and detect errors in scheme operations and help mitigate pension scheme-related risks. For example, schemes could obtain assurance about their existing controls through direct testing or by obtaining reports on controls. Any such review should be appropriate to the outcome of the risk evaluation. 111 - Schemes should consider what internal controls are appropriate to mitigate the main risks they have identified and how best to monitor them. For example, the scheme manager(s) for a funded scheme should establish and operate internal controls that regularly assess the effectiveness of investment-related decision making. Scheme managers for all pension schemes should establish and operate internal controls that regularly assess the effectiveness of data management and record-keeping.		Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
野 (2) 37	Does the Administering Authority have a risk register to record all risks identified and action taken?	Schemes should use a risk register to record all risks. The risk register should contain: - details of the risks identified - the likelihood of the risk arising - the impact of the risk if it does arise - the actions taken to mitigate the risk - when mitigation action was taken - when the risk and mitigation should next be reviewed - who has responsibility for monitoring the risk, if it is not the scheme manager	Yes	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
₹4	Does the Administering Authority review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Fund?	101 - The scheme manager must establish and operate internal controls. These must be adequate for the purpose of securing that the scheme is administered and managed in accordance with the scheme rules and in accordance with the requirements of the law. A failure to have adequate internal controls may cause an administrative breach of the law. 102 - For these purposes 'internal controls' means: - arrangements and procedures to be followed in the administration and management of the scheme - systems and arrangements for monitoring that administration and management - arrangements and procedures to be followed for the safe custody and security of the assets of the scheme 103 - Internal controls should include: - a clear separation of duties - processes for escalation and /decision making - documented procedures for assessing and managing risks, reviewing breaches of law and managing contributions 105 - The scheme's internal controls should address significant risks which are likely to have a material impact on the scheme. Scheme managers should employ a risk-based approach and ensure that sufficient time and attention is spent on identifying, evaluating and managing risks and developing and monitoring appropriate controls. They should seek advice, as necessary.	There are substantial internal controls in place including a number of ongoing monitoring areas that are reported to PB and PC (investment matters and administration).	at Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
E5	Does the Administering Authority regularly review the risk register?		There is at least annual review of the risk register by PB and possibly PC	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
- 6	Is there a standing item on the Pension Board agenda to review scheme risks?	Establishing effective internal controls is not a one-off exercise and must take into account a changing environment as well as new and emerging risks. Procedures need to be in place to: - regularly monitor the effectiveness of internal control systems - ensure controls are kept up to date - ensure controls are capable of mitigating new and emerging risks	There is at least annual review of the scheme risks by PB based on outcome of internal audit	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

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No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence		Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
E7	adequate systems, arrangements and procedures (internal controls) in place for the administration and management of the Fund and are they documented?	101 - The scheme manager must establish and operate internal controls. These must be adequate for the purpose of securing that the scheme is administered and managed in accordance with the scheme rules and in accordance with the requirements of the law. A failure to have adequate internal controls may cause an administrative breach of the law. 102 - For these purposes 'internal controls' means: - arrangements and procedures to be followed in the administration and management of the scheme - systems and arrangements for monitoring that administration and management - arrangements and procedures to be followed for the safe custody and security of the assets of the scheme 103 - Internal controls should include: - a clear separation of duties - processes for escalation and /decision making - documented procedures for assessing and managing risks, reviewing breaches of law and managing contributions 105 - The scheme's internal controls should address significant risks which are likely to have a material impact on the scheme. Scheme managers should employ a risk-based approach and ensure that sufficient time and attention is spent on identifying, evaluating and managing risks and developing and monitoring appropriate controls. They should seek advice, as necessary.	There is a large range of internal controls in place which may transpire to be adequate (examples shown below).	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
E8	controls reflected in contracts with third party providers and is there adequate reporting in relation to those controls?	119 - The legal requirements apply equally where a scheme outsources services connected with the running of the scheme. Providers should be required to demonstrate that they will have adequate internal controls in their tenders for delivering services. The requirements should be incorporated in the terms of engagement and contract between the scheme and service provider. Outsourced services may include, for example, the maintenance of records and data, calculation of benefits and investment management services. Where services are outsourced, scheme managers should be satisfied that internal controls associated with those services are adequate and effective. 120 - An increasing number of service providers are obtaining independent assurance reports to help demonstrate their ability to deliver quality administration services. Schemes should ask their service providers to demonstrate that they have adequate internal controls relating to the services they provide. It is vital that schemes ensure they receive sufficient assurance from service providers. For example, the information from providers should be sufficiently detailed and comprehensive and the service level agreements should cover all services that are outsourced. Schemes should also consider including provisions in contracts for outsourced services requiring compliance with appropriate standards. This should help to ensure effective administration.	current providers have been in place for a long time so contracts have not recently been reviewed. The providers of AVCs (Aviva and Equitable Life) as well as the custodians and fund managers are not proving regular reporting/information and so this may be an area for consideration. However Equitable Life has recently provided information relating to its internal controls. Otherwise, annual AAF reports (internal control reports) are obtained from Fund Managers and from State Street (Custodian).		27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Consider development of contracts with AVC providers and consider inclusion of KPIs/SLAs and regular reporting on their audit reports and confirmation of their internal controls.

F - Maintaining accurate member data

Legal Requirements

Scheme managers must keep records of information relating to:

- · member information
- · transactions, and
- pension board meetings and decisions.

The legal requirements are set out in the Public Service Pensions (Record Keeping and Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2014 ('the Record Keeping Regulations').

The Data Protection Act 1998 and the data protection principles set out additional requirements for using, holding and handling personal information. Other requirements are set out in the:

- · Pensions Act 1995 and 2004

- Pensions Act 1995 and 2004
 Pensions Act 2008 and the Employers' Duties (Registration and Compliance) Regulations 2010
 Occupational Pension Schemes (Scheme Administration) Regulations 1996 (SI 1996/1715)
 Occupational Pension Schemes (Scheme Administration) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1997 (SR 1997 No 94)
 Registered Pension Schemes (Provision of Information) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/567)

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
F1	Do member records record the information required as defined in the Record Keeping Regulations and is it accurate?	126 - Scheme managers must ensure that member data across all membership categories specified in the Record Keeping Regulations is complete and accurate. Member data should be subject to regular data evaluation. 127 - Scheme managers must keep specific member data, which will enable them to uniquely identify a scheme member and calculate benefits correctly. This is particularly important with the establishment of career average revalued earnings (CARE) schemes. Scheme managers must be able to provide members with accurate information regarding their pension benefits (accrued benefits to date and their future projected entitlements) in accordance with legislative requirements, as well as pay the right benefits to the right person (including all beneficiaries) at the right time.	LBTH use Altair as their main administration system. It records all member and beneficiary information set out in Record Keeping Regulations apart from: - requirement to record AVC information. This is an element that is effectively outsourced to the AVC provider. AVC statements are produced by the providers and LBTH issue them to the members once scanning them (so they are held on each LBTH Altair member record). Other than this, very little information is held on Altair. It will be necessary for LBTH to obtain assurance from AVC providers (Aviva and Equitable Life) regarding complying with the requirements in relation to AVCs.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Emails sent to AVC providers asking if they comply - responses outstanding.
Page 39	Does the Fund have the appropriate processes in place so employers can provide timely and accurate information?	128 - Schemes should require participating employers to provide them with timely and accurate data in order for the scheme manager to be able to fulfill their legal obligations. Schemes should seek to ensure that processes are established by employers which enable the transmission of complete and accurate data from the outset. Processes will vary from employer to employer, depending on factors such as employee turnover, pay periods, number of employees who are members and the timing and number of payroll processing systems. 129 - Schemes should seek to ensure that employers understand the main events which require information about members to be passed from the employer to the scheme and/or another employer, such as when an employee: - joins or leaves the scheme - changes their rate of contributions - changes their name, address or salary - changes their member status, and - transfers employment between scheme employers. 130 - Schemes should ensure that appropriate procedures and timescales are in place for scheme employers to provide updated information when member data changes, for checking scheme data against employer data and for receiving information which may affect the profile of the scheme. If an employer fails to act according to the procedures set out above, meaning that they and/or scheme managers may not be complying with legal requirements, those under a statutory duty to report breaches of the law to the regulator under section 70 of the Pensions Act 2004 should assess whether there has been a relevant breach and take action as necessary.	Procedures are not formally documented. However, at the beginning of the year all employers are provided with an updated contribution table, a guide to accompany the monthly return spreadsheet explaining in full the format and requirements and where further guidance can be found, and required timescales, and even provides format verifications to assist employers. It also explains what is required at year end. However, data is considered to be quite accurate due to the ways of working with employers, which varies by employers e.g.: 'Monthly interface files from the LBTH payroll system in relation to all employers who are paid by LBTH, ensures all changes (joiners, leavers etc.) are identified at least monthly, Employers have been asked to fill in the standard spreadsheet but this is not always returned in the required format. Other employers (about 22 in total) have a standard excel to keep up to date albeit some still use forms for notification of changes. Some concerns over the accuracy of pay data for some employers. - interfaces between pensioner records on payroll and Altair ensure things such as addresses are up to date. - All correspondence relating to members is scanned onto Altair and linked to the member record, but older correspondence may be stored on a different system. - Members records are updated annually for contributions and monthly for pay figure - the team are considering moving to monthly for contributions as well. Currently the processes often result in the administration team identifying any information requirements and then proactively chasing employers for information required. However it is noted that more documented instructions could help improve the flow of timely and accurate information. There are central guides produced by LGE that could be circulated to employers.	check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Send LGE guide around on annual basis, or create an alternative administration guide, and distribute to employers so aware of requirements. Consider monthly update of contributions on member records.
F3	Does the Fund keep records of and reconcile transactions as required by the Record Keeping Regulations?	 131 - Schemes should be able to trace the flow of funds into and out of the scheme and reconcile these against expected contributions and scheme costs. In doing so, they will have clear oversight of the core scheme transactions and should be able to mitigate risks swiftly. 132 - Scheme managers must keep records of transactions made to and from the scheme and any amount due to the scheme which has been written off. They should be able to demonstrate that they do so. 	The specific requirements of the record keeping regulations are adhered to except: - Employer contributions are not recorded to the member record on Altair and Pension Fund records are not maintained with this information for all employers (albeit, for LBTH paid employers, the information can be extracted from the LBTH payroll) - this is not a compliance matter relating to the record keeping legislation but more best practice to clarify delegated responsibilities. Other points identified of note are: '- Pension increases are detailed in resource link including breakdown of elements, but there is currently no comparing to member records so there is possibly some inaccuracies in the data held on Altair. - Although information is held for all write offs, officers have identified it would be helpful to have a fund specific policy in relation to write offs.			Fully completed	Partially compliant		- Change processes so employer contributions are held at member level Consider introducing additional reconciliation between Altair and Resourcelink pensioner payroll records Consider a Fund specific formal policy/procedure for
F4	Are records kept of pension board meetings as required by the Record Keeping Regulations?	133 - Schemes must keep records of all pension board meetings. Schemes should also keep records of decisions made and key discussions, which may include topics such as compliance with policies in relation to the administration of the scheme. This will ensure there is a clear and transparent audit trail.	Clerk for Committee also does this for PB meetings and all details are posted on LBTH website.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
F5	Are records kept of decisions made by the pension board, outside of meetings as required by the Record Keeping Regulations?	134 - Schemes must also record any decisions taken by members of the pension board other than at a pension board meeting, or by a committee/sub-committee of a pension board, including the date, time, and place of the decision and the names of board members participating in that decision.	No decisions made by LPB are outside normal meetings.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
F6	Are records retained for as long as they are needed?	This will ensure that there is a clear and transparent audit trail of the decisions made in relation to the scheme. 135 - Schemes should retain records for as long as is relevant for the purposes for which they are needed. It is likely data will need to be held for long periods of time. Schemes will need to keep some records for a member even after they have retired, ensuring that pension benefits can be settled for as long as they need to be paid. It is also important that schemes have in place systems and processes so they can keep records for the necessary amount of time.	Records are retained indefinitely, i.e. no member records are archived or removed from the systems as there is enough storage capacity to retain them and it is considered necessary to do so. There are no remaining paper files, all historic files including microfiche have been scanned onto an electronic system. Some records are kept on historic systems. Agresso is relatively new so all historic information is retained on there and will be kept indefinitely.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
F7	Does the Administering Authority have policies and processes to monitor data on an ongoing basis?	136 - Schemes should have policies and processes that monitor data on an ongoing basis to ensure it is accurate and complete, regardless of the volume of scheme transactions. This should be in relation to all membership categories, including pensioner member data where queries may arise once the pension is being paid. 137 - Schemes should adopt a proportionate and risk-based approach to monitoring, based on any known or historical issues that may have occurred in relation to the scheme's administration. This is particularly important for the effective administration of CARE pension schemes, which requires schemes to hold significantly more data than needed for final salary schemes.	There is no formal policy or documented procedure for the checks that are carried out, but there is confidence in the accuracy and completeness of the vast majority of data required. Checks that are carried out include: - Annual posting of contributions, where checks are made with data versus member records to pick up any anomalies and this flows through to the benefit statements process. - There are no formal "common" data (as defined by TPR) checks, but Altair won't allow a record to be set up without common data items so this is not felt to be regularly necessary. - Triennial valuation exercise - amend records on 3 yearly basis if any issues identified by actuaries doing their data cleaning. - Only 2 pensioners are still paid by cheque not BACS so reduces risk - 2 yearly National Fraud Initiative exercise is carried out to identify deceased members. - Payslips sent in March and April and then at other times if changes in amounts occur, otherwise not sent. When payslips are returned the team then investigates any possible address errors. - Life certificate exercise is carried out every year for overseas pensioners as won't be picked up via other exercises. - All benefits are checked twice when calculated and a third time before being put into payment No checking is carried out for the setting up of new joiners but most are electronic uploads which remove manual input error risk. There are some areas where the checking procedures could be better documented and this is discussed in section E under internal controls.		27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant	We are currently undertaking data review with the software providers(aquila Heywood)	Consider formalising/formally documenting the checking procedures carried out.
F8		138 - Schemes should continually review their data and carry out a data review exercise at least annually. This should include an assessment of the accuracy and completeness of the member information data held. Schemes should decide the frequency and nature of the review in light of factors such as the level of data quality, any issues identified and key scheme events.	The steps carried out in item F7 ensure that data is reviewed at least annually. Further, issues can be identified as part of the triennial valuation exercise.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
F9	Is a data improvement plan in place which is being monitored with a defined end date?	141 - Where schemes identify poor quality or missing data, they should put a data improvement plan in place to address these issues The plan should have specific data improvement measures which schemes can monitor and a defined end date within a reasonable timeframe when the scheme will have complete and accurate data.	s. Currently there is no plan in place as there are no significant issues with data. However when issues arise, such as identification of possible deceased members following NFI checks or missing data on a monthly return, the team will allocate the work to the number of staff required to fix the issues within a suitable timescale. This approach is currently not formally documented. It is noted that should any future issues arise e.g. with meeting the deadlines for annual benefit statements, a plan would be set out for how to resolve the issue and this would be monitored and formally documented. It was further noted that this could be incorporated into their team plan	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Ensure, if any future data issues should arise, the are formally documented in an improvement plan.
	reconcile scheme data with employer	142 - Schemes should ensure that member records are reconciled with information held by the employer, for example postal address or electronic address (email address) changes and new starters. Schemes should also ensure that the numbers of scheme members is as expected based on the number of leavers and joiners since the last reconciliation. Schemes should be able to determine those members who are approaching retirement, those who are active members and those who are deferred members.	Monthly return process helps identify the new joiners and leavers on a regular basis and monthly information includes postal information for members from employers - differences are investigated.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
Fage 40	Do the Administering Authority's member data processes meet the requirements of the Data Protection Act 1998 and the data protection principles?	143 - Schemes must ensure that member data processes meet the requirements of the Data Protection Act 1998 and the data protection principles. 144 - In relation to data management, schemes should understand: - the obligations of data controllers - the difference between personal data and sensitive personal data - how data is held and how responses to data requests from different parties are handled - the systems required to store, move and destroy data	Authority as a whole asks people to make declaration on regular basis. There is a LBTH DPA Officer who attended and presented/discussed on the topic recently in a team meeting. Egress or GSX is used for sending data to/from employers which is fully secure. Focal point is used for secure transfer of data to/from actuaries at triennial valuation time. It has been identified that email correspondence with members is not secure at present. However sending information to LBTH internal email addresses is OK as the systems are secure. Aviva might use WinZip as not one contact they deal with.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Check Council DPA policy about info to the public and make sure that's followed. Ensure member data is not sent to email addresses unprotected, even if member requests this Consider putting in place additional controls which prevents unsecure emails from being

G - Maintaining contributions

Legal requirements

Contributions must be paid as detailed below, and where not done, they should be reported to TPR in circumstances where the scheme manager has reasonable cause to believe that the failure is likely to be of material significance to TPR in the exercise of any of its functions. Reporting must be carried out as detailed below.

Contributions must be paid	When a failure should be
On or before the due date as defined by the scheme regulations	To The Regulator: As soon as reasonably practicable
Paid within the prescribed period (19 th day of the month, or 22 nd day if paid electronically) or earlie date if required by the scheme regulations	Regulator: Within a reasonable period – 10 working days

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о.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
	Does the Fund have procedures and processes in place to identify payment failures?		There is a Treasury team contribution monitoring spreadsheet which is explicit about what is required on a monthly basis in terms of checking, and there is a procedure note to explain what to do. It's objective is to focus on identifying and notifying late or incorrect contributions.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
		151 - Schemes should monitor pension contributions, resolve payment issues and report payment failures, as appropriate, so that the							
	Do those processes and procedures include a contributions monitoring record to determine whether contributions are paid on time and in full?	152 - Adequate procedures and processes are likely to involve: - developing a record to monitor the payment of contributions - monitoring the payment of contributions, and - reporting materially significant payment failures. 156 - A contributions monitoring record will enable schemes to check whether contributions have been paid on time and in full, and, if they have not, provide a trigger for escalation for schemes to investigate the payment failure and consideration of whether scheme managers need to report to the regulator and, where relevant, members. 157 - A contributions monitoring record should include the following information: - contribution rates - the date(s) on or before which employer contributions are to be paid to the scheme - the date by when, or period within which, the employee contributions is late.	As outlined above, this is all incorporated into a Treasury team spreadsheet. It automatically flags if there is a late payment, as the sheet includes entries for dates expected and paid - the Treasury team will go in and update the sheet for dates paid when the payments arrive on the bank statement - roughly this is looked at daily around the usual payment dates. The spreadsheet would therefore indicate if an employer was a continual/regular late payment offender. In relation to payments being made in full, there are checks carried at both employer and employer contribution amount. These are generally carried out at total level per month, i.e. no individual spot checks unless there appears to be a bigger problem. For the Admitted bodies, the information is broken down by staff, but for LBTH there are so many members individual member checks are not carried out and only totals are therefore considered. LBTH checks are slightly different as there are so many members - these involve broad checks on the totals and only investigated if there are significant differences to expected amounts (or amounts in previous months). It is considered this is adequate as the payroll system for LBTH is considered to be more reliable. However it is noted that using this approach, there is no way to check the right contribution rate is being charged other at the year end. In addition, at the start of the financial year, Treasury team will look at the rates changes and check the amounts being paid agree with expectations (employers are notified of required changes in advance of the year start). In relation to LBTH paid employers, the Head of Payroll is asked to confirm the rate to pay - and the Treasury team will check its what's agreed in valuation rates and	check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Recommend more spot checks to encontributions actual correct member of member (for LBTF even without payre this check can be carried out to ensuthe ratio of employ to each employee contribution rate a correct, for examp
_	Do those processes and procedures include monitoring payments against the contributions monitoring record on an ongoing basis?	161 - Schemes should monitor contributions on an ongoing basis for all the membership categories within the scheme. Schemes should regularly check payments due against the contributions monitoring record. 162 - Schemes should apply a risk-based and proportionate approach to help identify employers and situations which present a higher risk of payment failures occurring and which are likely to be of material significance and require the scheme manager to intervene. 163 - Schemes should be aware of what is to be paid in accordance with the contributions monitoring record or other scheme documentation, which may be used by the pension scheme. Schemes should also have a process in place to identify where payments are late or have been underpaid, overpaid or not paid at all. 164 - For schemes to effectively monitor contributions they will require access to certain information. Employers will often provide the payment information that schemes need to monitor contributions at the same time as they send the contributions to the scheme. 165 - Schemes should have adequate internal controls in place to monitor the sharing of payment information between the employer, pension scheme and member. Where the necessary payment information is not automatically available or provided by employers, schemes should request the additional information they need. Schemes may not need to obtain payment information as a matter of course, only where it is required for effective monitoring. 165 - Scheme managers must record and retain information on transactions, including any employer and employee contributions received and payments of pensions and benefits, which will support them in their administration and monitoring responsibilities. 166 - Where the administration of scheme contributions is outsourced to a service provider, schemes should ensure that there is a process in place to obtain regular information on the payment of contributions to the scheme and a clear procedure in place to enable them to identify and resolve payment f	adjustments certificate. For admitted bodies, checks of the money in bank account vs amounts provided in the information for each employer and employee are carried out. The LBTH is not explicitly checked by the Treasury Team as this should be covered by separate payroll team processes, but any issues would be picked up at year end. Monthly reconciliation to start from September 2017	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Recommend proc is updated to expli check amounts credited to accour relation to internal payroll on a month basis.
	Are these procedures regularly reviewed to ensure they are effective?	171 - The regulator recognises that a monitoring process based on information provided by employers may not be able to confirm deliberate underpayment or non-payment, or fraudulent behaviour by an employer. Schemes should review current processes or develop a new process which is able to detect situations where fraud may be more likely to occur and where additional checks may be appropriate.	Other than via internal and external audit (which should identify areas for concern), the processes are now being review quarterly. There are relatively few employers in the Fund and a good relationship exists with them, so the risk of deliberate undergayment or fraudulent behaviour is considered to be minor.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		

No. TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
G5 Do the Administering Authority's processes include managing overdue contributions in line with TPR's suggested approach?	168 - When schemes identify or are notified of a problem, they should assess whether a payment failure has occurred before taking tested to resolve and, if necessary, report it. During their assessment, schemes should take into account: - legitimate agreed payments made directly by an employer for scheme purposes, i.e. where the scheme has agreed that a contributions payment can be made late due to exceptional circumstances - legitimate agreed payment arrangements made between an employee and employer, i.e. where the employer has agreed that a contribution payment can be made late due to exceptional circumstances - contributions paid directly to a pension provider, scheme administrator or investment manager - any AVCs included with an employer's overall payment. 169 - Where schemes identify a payment failure, they should follow a process to resolve issues quickly. This should normally involve the following steps: a. Investigate any apparent employer failure to pay contributions in accordance with the contributions monitoring record or legal requirements. b. Contact the employer promptly to alert them to the payment failure and to seek to resolve the overdue payment. c. Discuss it further with the employer as soon as practicable to find out the cause and circumstances of the payment failure.	Not formally documented, but the Pension Manager has a procedure to follow if any contributions were materially late. This involves escalating the issue to PC and possibly the Regulator. The Treasury department passes cases to the Pension Manager to follow up when late payments are identified through their monitoring. AVC providers contact administration team by email if they expect a contribution which is not then paid. This is then investigated - typically it will be due to a member leaving the Fund.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Formalise process to follow in situations of late or incorrect payments
G6 Does the Fund maintain a record of any investigations and communications with employers?	170 - Schemes should maintain a record of their investigation and communications between themselves and the employer. Recording this information will help to provide evidence of schemes' effective monitoring processes and could help to demonstrate that the scheme manager has met the legal requirement to establish and operate adequate internal controls. It will also form part of the decision of whether or not to report a payment failure to the regulator and, where relevant, members.	Where in relation to specific member information this will be retained on the member's record. For generic contributions information the Treasury department keeps a record of communications with employers but the Pension Manager is copied in. The Pension Manager is a key contact for admitted bodies, and there's a shared area for all such emails.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
G7 Do employers provide sufficient information to monitor contributions and is this in accordance with the LGPS regulations?	164 - Employers will often provide the payment information that schemes need to monitor contributions at the same time as they send the contributions to the scheme, which may be required under the scheme regulations. Payment information may include: • the employer and employee contributions due to be paid, which should be specified in the scheme regulations and/or other scheme documentation • the pensionable pay that contributions are based upon (where required), and • due date(s) on or before which payment of contributions and other amounts are to be made.	A monthly return is provider by employers to the administration team such as pay information	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Employers - Fully compliant		
Is there a satisfactory process in place to assess the materiality of any payment failures and ensure that those which are material are reported to the Regulator within a reasonable period?	174 - Where schemes identify a payment failure, they should attempt to recover contributions within 90 days from the due date or prescribed period having passed without full payment of the contribution. 175 - While schemes are not expected to undertake a full investigation to establish materiality or investigate whether an employer has behaved fraudulently, schemes should ask the employer: - the cause and circumstances of the payment failure - what action the employer has taken as a result of the payment failure, and - the wider implications or impact of the payment failure. 176 - When reaching a decision about whether to report, schemes should consider these points together and establish whether they have reasonable cause to report. 177 - Having reasonable cause means more than merely having a suspicion that cannot be substantiated. Schemes should investigate the payment failure and use their judgement when deciding whether to report to the regulator. 178 - Schemes may choose to take an employer's response to their enquiries at face value if they have no reason to believe it to be untrue or where their risk-based process indicates that there is a low risk of continuing payment failure. Where they receive no response, schemes may infer that an employer is unwilling to pay the contributions due. 181 - Schemes should identify and report to the regulator, as appropriate, any payment failures that may not be of material significance taken individually, but which could indicate a systemic problem. For example, an employer consistently failing to pay contributions by the due date or within the prescribed period, but paying within 90 days, may be due to inefficient scheme systems and processes. Schemes may also need to report payment failures that occur repeatedly and are likely to be materially significant to the regulator, depending on the circumstances. 182 - Reporting payment failures of employer contributions as soon as 'reasonably practicable' means within a reasonable period fron the scheme manager hav		Ongoing (annual check)		Fully completed	Fully compliant		
G9 If the administration of contributions outsourced to a service provider, is there a process in place to obtain regular information on the payment of contributions to the scheme?	167 - Where the administration of scheme contributions is outsourced to a service provider, schemes should ensure that there is a process in place to obtain regular information on the payment of contributions to the scheme and a clear procedure in place to enable them to identify and resolve payment failures which may occur.	AVCs are paid to AVC providers - confirmation is being obtained on the checks that are carried out. It has been agreed that there could be greater checking of contribution payments to ensure the amounts paid are agreed by the AVC provider, though it is expected any discrepancies would be picked up during the annual accounts audit.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	In progress	Partially compliant		

H - Providing information to members and others

Legal requirements

The law requires schemes to disclose information about benefits and scheme administration to scheme members and others. This includes requirements relating to benefit statements and certain other information which must be provided under the requirements of the 2013 Act, HM Treasury directions and the Occupational and Personal Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2013 ('the Disclosure Regulations 2013'). In addition to these duties, there are other legal requirements relating to the provision of information to members and others under other legislation.

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
H1	Has an annual benefit statement been provided to all active members within the required timescales?	188 - Scheme regulations must require scheme managers to provide an annual benefit information statement to each active member of a DB scheme established under the 2013 Act or new public body scheme. The statement must include a description of the benefits earned by a member in respect of their pensionable service.	Yes	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
		189 - The first statement must be provided no later than 17 months after the scheme regulations establishing the scheme come into force (i.e. 31st August 2015). Subsequent statements must be provided at least annually after that date.							
H2	Do these meet the legal requirements in relation to format?	190 - Statements must also comply with HM Treasury directions in terms of any other information which must be included and the manner in which they must be provided to members.	The statements have been designed to follow the LGA template. The statements have been checked and include the required information in the Regulations. HMT Directions apply from next years' statements but these statements comply regardless.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
НЗ	Has a benefit statement been provided to all active, deferred and pension credit members who have requested one within the required timescales?	191 - Managers of a scheme must also provide a benefit statement following a request by an active, deferred or pension credit member of a DB scheme if the information has not been provided to that member in the previous 12 months before that request.193 - The information must be given as soon as practicable but no more than two months after the date the request is made	All deferred statements are automatically done. This is only where the address is available -i.e. not	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
H4	Does this meet the legal requirements in relation to format?	192 - These benefit statements must include information about the amount of benefits by reference to a particular date and how they are calculated. The full details depend on the type of member making the request.	In relation to pension credit members, no requests have been received for statements. The statements have been checked and include the required information except in the following areas: - Deferred statements /pension credit statements missing the start date for pensionable service, the method of calculating member and survivor benefits, the survivor pension on death of the member and the date the pensionable service ended (no details on any deductions are mentioned as there are no accompanying notes). However it is possible information on individual requests does provide this information and this will	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	In progress	Partially compliant		Consider updating statements to include the required additional information so as to ensure fully compliance.
H5	Has an annual benefit statement been provided to all members with AVCs within the required timescales?	194 - Managers of a scheme must provide a benefit statement to a member of a DC public service pension scheme, who is not an 'excluded person', within 12 months of the end of the scheme year. An 'excluded person' is a member or beneficiary whose present postal address and email address is not known to the scheme because the correspondence has been returned (in the case of postal correspondence) or has not been delivered (in the case of electronic correspondence).	need further investigated and verified Currently the statements are sent to LBTH to send out to members and this meets the required deadline. However there are no checks that the statements are provided for all members with AVCs - this could be an additional check to ensure data quality, using the summary information provided by the AVC providers along with the physical statements.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Consider checking if a statement is produced by AVC providers for all members where this is expected - use summary information from AVC providers.
H6	Do these meet the legal requirements in relation to format?	195 - The information which must be provided includes the amount of contributions (before any deductions are made) credited to the member during the immediately preceding scheme year, the value of the member's accrued rights under the scheme at a date specified by the managers of the scheme and a statutory money purchase illustration. The full detail of the information that must be provided is set out in the Disclosure Regulations 2013.	The Aviva statements include all required information. The Equitable Life statements do not include any projected benefits under paragraphs 6 to 8 of Schedule 6 but this is acceptable as the statements are for members who are no longer paying contributions.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
900 43	Is basic scheme information provided to all new and prospective members within the required timescales?	200 - Managers must disclose certain basic information about the scheme and the benefits it provides to a prospective member (if practicable to do so) or a new member. Where the manager has received jobholder information for the member or prospective member they must provide the information within a month of the jobholder information being received. Where they have not received jobholder information, they must provide the information within two months of the date the person became an active member of the scheme. 201 - Managers must also provide the information on request to a relevant person within two months of the request being made, except where the same information was provided to the same person or trade union in the 12 months before the request.	It is not clear whether all new employees are receiving appropriate information about the scheme and on time. There is a brief guide to the scheme but the admin team do not now issue statutory notices and therefore they are relying on it being issued prior to that point as part of the induction process. Terms and condition letters include reference to the LBTH intranet site where basic scheme information is held, but this is for LBTH employees only, and this information does not include the required level of information It is not clear on what is provided for employees of other employers or whether it meets	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	In progress	Employers - Partially compliant		Review how information is circulated to new joiners, such as perhaps reinstate the use of statutory notices with a brief guide.
			timescales, it is known that in general a link to the LGPS 2014 scheme page is provided. Statutory notices (i.e. legal notices about joining the scheme) are no longer sent (ceased a few years ago) which would be one means to ensure information is being provided in the right						
Н8	in relation to format?	200 - As per Regulation 6 of the Disclosure Regulations 2013.	There is a brief guide to the scheme which provides the required information other than a few minor exceptions: The statement regarding whether any charges are applied to leaving service benefits and where further information can be obtained The comments about transfers out do not give the statement about the 1993 Act (i.e. protection for early leavers) the conditions for re-entry after leaving could be more explicit We aren't able to check the comments provided by the AVC provider for new AVC members as we do not have examples - e.g. on life styling and that the value may depend on the range of different possibilities. The IDRP leaflet is referred to but the contact details aren't provided at this early stage However, as mentioned above, it is not clear on what is provided for employees of other employers or whether it meets timescales, it is known that in general a link to the LGPS 2014 scheme page is provided (which would provide the key details about the LGPS benefits).			Fully completed	Partially compliant		As above (H8)
H9	Is all other information provided in accordance with the legal timescales?	196 - Under the Disclosure Regulations 2013, managers of a scheme must provide other information to members and others in certain circumstances (for example, on request). The Regulations set out the information which must be given, the timescales for providing such information and the methods that may be used. Not all information must be provided in respect of all public service pension schemes (there are some exemptions for specified public service schemes or according to the type of benefit offered), but information which scheme managers may need to provide includes: - information about the scheme that has materially altered - information about transfer credits - information about transfer credits - information about tife styling (this requirement will not apply in respect of DB benefits in public service pension schemes) - information about accessing benefits, and - information about benefits in payment. 197 - The detail of the information that must be provided to scheme members and others and any exemptions are set out in the Disclosure Regulations 2013. Managers must provide the required information, along with confirmation that members may request further information and the postal and email addresses to which a person should send those requests and enquiries	It is not fully apparent whether all disclosure timescales are being met, for example: although there is some internal reporting on KPIs, these do not necessarily measure in the same manner as legal timescales for elements such as transfers credit notifications or retirements. However, 2015 performance for Q3 is above 90% for most tasks and it is therefore it is expected that average times are well within the statutory requirements. - other communications include a pensioner newsletter every year with pension increase letter, deferred members received a newsletter with their statements in 2015 and active members were sent a newsletter this year with the benefit statements. Key scheme changes would generally be included in there but no strict monitoring of compliance is checked. - LBTH are waiting verification from the AVC providers regarding their compliance with these disclosure requirements	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	In progress	Partially compliant		Ongoing consideration of how better to identify if these requirements are met.

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
H10	Is all other information provided in the format and methods required by law?	See above.	Internal communications comply with the regulations but this cannot be confirmed until confirmation from AVC providers.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	In progress	Partially compliant		Waiting confirmation that requirements are met from AVC providers
H111	Where any information is only provided electronically (i.e. instead of any hard copy) does it comply with the legal requirements?	203 - Generally, schemes may choose how they provide information to scheme members, including by post, electronically (by email or by making it available on a website) or by any other means permitted by the law. For benefit statements issued under the 2013 Act, HM Treasury directions may specify how the information must be provided. Where schemes wish to provide information required under the Disclosure Regulations 2013 by electronic means there are important steps and safeguards that must first be met. These include: - scheme members and beneficiaries being provided with the option to opt out of receiving information electronically by giving written notice to the scheme - managers being satisfied that the electronic communications have been designed: A) so that the person will be able to access and either store or print the relevant information and B) taking into account the requirements of disabled people - ensuring that members and beneficiaries who were members or beneficiaries of the public service pension scheme on 1 December 2010 (where the scheme had not provided information electronically prior to that date) has been sent a written notice (other than via email or website), informing them that: A) it is proposed to provide information electronically in the future and B) scheme members and beneficiaries may opt out of receiving information electronically by sending written notice. 204 - Where schemes make information or a document available on a website for the first time, they must give notice (other than via a website) to the recipient. They must ensure that the notice includes: - a statement advising that the information is available on the website - the website address - details of where on the website the information or document may be read on the website. 205 - When any subsequent information is made available on a website, managers of a scheme must give a notice (other than via a website) to recipients informing them that the information is available on the website. This notice will no	No information is exclusively provided electronically (note comments above re new joiner information where there is some lack of clarity on what and how it is provided, but initial contact is via mail and hard copies can be provided of intranet material if required). Correspondence with members via email is carried out at member request and benefit notifications and annual statements sent by post. Newsletters are sent with pension increase notifications or benefit statements.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
Page 4		that further information will be available to read on the website and that no further notifications will be sent to the recipient and 207 - Schemes should design and deliver communications to scheme members in a way that ensures they are able to engage with their pension provision. Information should be clear and simple to understand as well as being accurate and easily accessible. It is important that members are able to understand their pension arrangements and make informed decisions where required.	This can not be fully evidenced at this stage but there is also a plan to provide a questionnaire with questions about the communications with the next communications that go to members as there has not been a survey for some time. Communications are produced internally with the LBTH's council design team. Benefit statements are based on he LGA template, and have a paragraph which welcomes feedback in relation to the statement or any other aspect of the pension service. There are no communications related complaints, other than a few queries regarding materials for partially sighted members, where alternative materials were provided.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	In progress	Partially compliant		Submit surveys with communications to review engagement and understanding
1 13	Does the Administering Authority use a tracing service?	208 - Schemes should attempt to make contact with their scheme members and, where contact is not possible, schemes should carry out a tracing exercise to locate the member and ensure that their member data are up-to-date.	y See F7 for checks carried out (NFI on 2 yearly basis and life certificates). In addition pensioner cases investigated when post (payslips etc.) returned. Deferred members are generally investigated when communications are attempted close to retirement. However a tracing service is not used for younger deferred members who have unknown addresses.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Consider carrying out regular tracing service checks on other deferred members.

I - Internal Dispute Resolution

Legal requirements

The Pensions Act 1995 requires scheme managers to set up and implement an Internal Dispute Resolution Procedure (IDRP) to help resolve disputes between the scheme manager and people with an interest in the scheme.

The act states that a person has an interest in the scheme if they:

- · are a member or beneficiary
- · are a prospective member
- have ceased to be a member, beneficiary or prospective member
- · claim to be any of the above and the dispute relates to this claim.

The Act also states that the procedure must include:

- how an application is to be made
 what must be included in an application
- · how decisions are to be reached and notified
- · a specified period (which is reasonable) within which applications must be made.

The procedure may require people with an interest in the scheme to first refer matters in dispute to a 'specified person' in order for that person to consider and give their decision taken by the scheme manager after reconsideration of the matters. However, legislation provides flexibility for scheme managers to decide the details of these.

No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
11	Has the Administering Authority put in place an internal dispute resolution procedure?	213 - Scheme managers must make and implement dispute resolution arrangements that comply with the requirements of the law and help resolve pensions disputes between the scheme manager and a person with an interest in the scheme.	There is a formal process in place. This is documented in IDRP leaflet. The procedure includes 2 stages for references and the IDRP leaflet and all related correspondence provides the required contact details at each stage. Stage one goes to a LBTH officer first for adjudication, who will then issue the decision letter which includes more information including information on stage 2, TPAS and the Pensions Ombudsman.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		IDRP could be updated to ensure it is up to date, and includes all required and additional helpful information. Current version is based on old DCI G sample
12	Does the Administering Authority's process highlight or consider whether a dispute is exempt?	214 - Section 50(9) of the 1995 Pensions Act states that a dispute is exempt if: - proceedings have commenced in a court or tribunal - the Pensions Ombudsman has started an investigation - it is prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State.	This is not currently included (explicitly - some elements are implied) although those involved in the IDRP process know what circumstances are exempt and will notify the member immediately if that is the case. It is noted the IDRP leaflet is due for updating and this will be one area to be included to save members time in submitting an exempt dispute case.		27/02/2018	Fully completed	Non- compliant		This detail will be included as and when the IDRP policy, procedure and leaflet /correspondence is updated.
Page 45	Does the information made available to applicants about the procedure clearly state the procedure and process to apply for a dispute to be resolved including: - who it applies to - who the specified person (stage 1) is - the timescales for making applications - who to contact with a dispute - the information that an applicant must include - the process by which decisions are reached?	215 - A person has an interest in the scheme if they: - are a member or surviving non-dependant beneficiary of a deceased member of the scheme - are a widow, widower, surviving civil partner or surviving dependant of a deceased member of the scheme - are a prospective member of the scheme - have ceased to be a member, beneficiary or prospective member or - claim to be in one of the categories mentioned above and the dispute relates to whether they are such a person. 216 - Dispute resolution arrangements may require people with an interest in the scheme to first refer matters in dispute to a 'specified person' in order for that person to consider and give their decision on those matters. The specified person's decision may then be confirmed or replaced by the decision taken by the scheme manager after reconsideration of the matters. 225 - If schemes decide to specify time limits, they should publish and make those time limits readily available to ensure that those with an interest in the scheme are aware that they must submit an application within a prescribed time limit. 237 - Scheme managers must also provide the postal or email address and job title of the person to contact in order to make use of the internal dispute arrangements.	The information to applicants includes the required items, including the target timescales (on back of IDRP leaflet), what information is required (form to complete in leaflet) and the contact details fo the IDRP process. If responses are to be delayed, the member is informed with the reason for the delay and the expected new response timescale.		27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		Recommend the IDRP is updated to include as much helpful information as possible to the members and to ensure the TPR and legal recommendations/ requirements are met.
14	Has the Administering Authority ensured that employers who make first stage decisions also have IDRP in place?		This has not been done. However, no other employers outside LBTH have had IDRP cases, but it is expected that if they were to arise, employers would pass them to LBTH for stage 1.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Non- compliant		Liaise with employers to agree a stage 1 process (which could be use of the LBTH stage 1 appointed person)
15	Are the timescales in the procedure adhered to including sending an acknowledgment on receipt of an application?	Note - For the LGPS, the timescales must be in accordance with the LGPS regulations. 231 - Applicants must be notified of the decision made by a scheme manager and specified person (where applicable) within a reasonable time period after the decision has been made. 230 - The regulator recognises that the circumstances of each dispute are different and decision times may vary. Schemes should be satisfied that the time taken to reach a decision is appropriate to the situation and be able to demonstrate this, if necessary. 232 - Schemes should provide the applicant with regular updates on the progress of their investigation. They should notify the applicant where the time period for a decision is expected to be shorter or longer than the reasonable time period and let them know when they are likely to receive an outcome. 239 - Schemes should send an acknowledgement once an application has been received.	The expected timescales are set out in the IDRP leaflet. Although these are not formally monitored (as it is outside of pension team initially) the pensions team do try to keep an eye on timescales. They have examples of cases where there has been a delay and the member is informed with reason and expected new timescales. An acknowledgement is sent for all new cases (example evidenced).	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		HEAT SALELL
16	Does the Administering Authority notify and advertise the procedure appropriately?	236 -Information about the IDRP must be communicated to: - prospective members (if practicable) - scheme members who haven't already been given the information - members, or prospective members, when schemes receive jobholder information, or when a jobholder becomes an active member, in connection with automatic enrolment - certain people who request the information and haven't been given it in the previous 12 months 233 & 235 - The procedure should be: - communicated in scheme documentation, e.g. a joining booklet - easily accessible, e.g. on the scheme website within documents recording policy about the administration of the scheme.	Standard paragraph in all standard letters for notification of benefit letters (as evidenced on death benefit notification, retirement and correspondence relating to non-refund payment). The guide is also on the intranet for LBTH employees. However it is unlikely this information is being provided for new scheme members.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		Ensure IDRP information is included for new joiners to the scheme

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No.	TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
	Are the notification requirements in relation to TPAS and the Pensions Ombudsman being adhered to?	238 - In addition, scheme managers must provide information about TPAS and the Pensions Ombudsman at certain stages. Upon receiving an application for the resolution of a pension dispute, scheme managers (or the specified person) must make the applicant aware as soon as reasonably practicable that TPAS is available to assist members and beneficiaries of the scheme and provide contact details for TPAS. When notifying the applicant of the decision, scheme managers must also inform the applicant that the Pensions Ombudsman is available to investigate and determine complaints or disputes of fact or law relating to a public service pension scheme and provide the Pension Ombudsman's contact details.	The TPAS and Ombudsman details are provided at the required stages - evidence of standard letters have been shown at acknowledgement of dispute, and both decision stages	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
18	Does the Administering Authority regularly assess the effectiveness of its arrangements?		No formal reporting as such is in place (IDRP cases are quite rare and are almost exclusively Tier 3 III health cases), but the PB has recently asked for reports of all complaints and IDRP cases. The reporting of this information is now in progress - the team is currently updating their KPI performance monitoring items for the PB and will include this in the reporting. It is intended the reporting will start from new financial year i.e. April 2016.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	In progress	Non- compliant		Recommend the PB monitors whether all disputes seem to come from one particular area, suggesting a systemic issue, and monitor timescales for dealing with IDRP cases.
	Does the Administering Authority regularly assess the effectiveness where employers carry out a stage one process?	234 - See above - this is particularly important where the arrangements require employers participating in the pension scheme to carry out duties as part of the process, for example where schemes have implemented the two-stage procedure and employers are acting as the specified person for the first stage.	There have been no employer stage 1 IDRPs to monitor	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant		

J - Reporting breaches of the law

Legal Requirements

Certain people are required to report breaches of the law to the regulator where they have reasonable cause to believe that:

- · a legal duty which is relevant to the administration of the scheme has not been, or is not being, complied with
- the failure to comply is likely to be of material significance to the regulator in the exercise of any of its functions.

People who are subject to the reporting requirement ('reporters') for public service pension schemes are:

- · scheme managers
- · members of pension boards
- any person who is otherwise involved in the administration of a public service pension scheme
 employers: in the case of a multi-employer scheme, any participating employer who becomes aware of a breach should consider their statutory duty to report, regardless of whether the breach relates to, or affects, members who are its employees or those of other employers
- professional advisers including auditors, actuaries, legal advisers and fund managers: not all public service pension schemes are subject to the same legal requirements to appoint professional advisers, but nonetheless the regulator expects that all schemes will have professional advisers, either resulting from other legal requirements or simply as a matter of practice
- · any person who is otherwise involved in advising the managers of the scheme in relation to the scheme.

The report must be made in writing as soon as reasonably practicable.

No	. TPR Requirement	Notes from TPR Code	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
J1	that those responsible for reporting	d 244 - Schemes should be satisfied that those responsible for reporting breaches are made aware of the legal requirements and this guidance. Schemes should provide training for scheme managers and pension board members. All others under the statutory duty to report should ensure they have a sufficient level of knowledge and understanding to fulfil that duty. This means having sufficient familiarity with the legal requirements and procedures and processes for reporting.	A formal breaches procedure is in place and also available on the fund website.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
		e 245 - Identifying and assessing a breach of the law is important in reducing risk and providing an early warning of possible malpractice in public service pension schemes. Those people with a responsibility to report breaches, including scheme managers and pension board members, should establish and operate appropriate and effective procedures to ensure that they are able to meet their legal obligations. Procedures should enable people to raise concerns and facilitate the objective consideration of those matters. It is important that procedures allow reporters to decide within an appropriate timescale whether they must report a breach. Reporters should not rely on waiting for others to report. 246 - Procedures should include the following features: - a process for obtaining clarification of the law around the suspected breach where needed - a process for consideration of the material significance of the breach by taking into account its cause, effect, the reaction to it, and its wider implications, including (where appropriate) dialogue with the scheme manager or pension board - a clear process for referral to the appropriate level of seniority at which decisions can be made on whether to report to the regulator an established procedure for dealing with difficult cases - a timeframe for the procedure to take place that is appropriate to the breach and allows the report to be made as soon as reasonably practicable - a system to record breaches even if they are not reported to the regulator (the record of past breaches may be relevant in deciding whether to report future breaches, for example it may reveal a systemic issue), and - a process for identifying promptly any breaches that are so serious they must always be reported.		Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
)3 	Are breaches being recorded in accordance with the agreed procedures?	246 - Procedures should include a system to record breaches even if they are not reported to the regulator (the record of past breaches may be relevant in deciding whether to report future breaches, for example it may reveal a systemic issue).	A formal breaches procedure is in place and also available on the fund website.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

K - Scheme Advisory Board - Guidance on the creation and operation of Local Pension Boards in England and Wales

Legal Requirements

Clause 7 of the Public Service Pensions Act provides that the national Scheme Advisory Board (SAB) may provide advice to scheme managers or pension boards in relation to the effective and efficient administration and management of the scheme

It also provides that a person to whom advice is given by virtue of subsection (1) or (2) must have regard to the advice.

The Scheme Advisory Board has published guidance on the creation and operation of Local Pension Boards in England and Wales which incorporates a number of action point check lists at the end of some of the sections. The following are the items in those checklists

No.	SAB Requirement	SAB Section	London Borough of Tower Hamlets Approach / Evidence	Frequency of Review	Last Review Date	Check Completed	Compliant	Notes	Action
K1	Administering Authority to have approved the establishment (including Terms of Reference) of the Local Pension Board by 1 April 2015.	5	Established 26 November 2014	One off - no further review necessary	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
K2	The Local Pension Board must be operational (i.e. had its first meeting no later than 4 months after the 1 April 2015).	5	Quarterly meetings	One off - no further review necessary	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
КЗ	Once established a Local Pension Board should adopt a knowledge and understanding policy and framework (possibly in conjunction with the Pensions Committee if appropriate).	6	PB approved the training framework annually.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
K4	A Local Pension Board should designate a person to take responsibility for ensuring that the knowledge and understanding policy and framework is developed and implemented.	6	Corporate Director of Resources is named as responsible person in policy statement	Ongoing (annual check)		Fully completed	Fully compliant		
K5	The Administering Authority should offer access to high quality induction training and provide relevant ongoing training to the appointed members of the Local Pension Board.	6	PB engaged in continuous training internally and externally.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
Päge 48	A Local Pension Board should prepare (and keep updated) a list of the core documents recording policy about the administration of the Fund and make the list and documents (as well as the rules of the LGPS) accessible to its members.	6	The key documents are included in the annual report and accounts and also on the scheme website.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
K7	Members of a Local Pension Board should undertake a personal training needs analysis and put in place a personalised training plan.	6	There is a Training Plan (annual) but it is focussed at whole PC/P B level. Annual self -assessment will be completed through effectiveness survey.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Partially compliant	A model is being developed to capture individual training needs against CIPFA requirements/TPR toolkits and to monitor against those specific requirements.	
K8	An Administering Authority should prepare a code of conduct and a conflicts policy for its Local Pension Board for approval in accordance with the Administering Authority's constitution and at the first meeting of the Local Pension Board. The Local Pension Board should keep these under regular regular regular.	7	The Terms of Reference have been approved which include a short section on conflicts. A formal conflicts policy for the Fund was approved by PC June 2016 and this cover the TPR requirements (see section C for details).	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
K9	Training should be arranged for officers and members of a Local Pension Board on conduct and conflicts.	7	This was covered in part in the initial meeting and subsequent meetings	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		
K10	A Local Pension Board should establish and maintain a register of interests for its members.	7	This has been implemented in June 2016 for the PC and PB members and also declarations are being made at each meeting in line with Council requirements.	check)		Fully completed	Fully compliant		
	An Administering Authority should agree the ongoing reporting arrangements between the Local Pension Board and the Administering Authority.	8	These are outlined in the LPB terms of reference.	Ongoing (annual check)			Fully compliant		
	A Local Pension Board should understand the Administering Authority's requirements, controls and policies for FOIA compliance so that the Local Pension Board is aware of them and can comply with them.	8	Copy of Council's FOI policy will be provided to all PB members as part of induction pack.	Ongoing (annual check)		Fully completed	Partially compliant		
	A Local Pension Board should put in place arrangements to meet the duty of its members to report breaches of law.	8	There is a formal breaches policy in place and members received training	check)		Fully completed			
K14	A Local Pension Board should consider (with its Administering Authority) the need to publish an annual report of its activities.	8	The Chairman of the LPB is required to prepare an annual report which is published in annual report and accounts (this is in the LPB terms of reference). The first report will be due summer 2016.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

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۲		An Administering Authority should consult on, revise and publish its governance compliance statement to include details of the terms, structure and operational procedures relating to its Local Pension Board.	The Governance Compliance Statement (as included in the 2014/15 annual report and accounts) includes the required information.	Ongoing (annual check)	27/02/2018	Fully completed	Fully compliant		

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Agenda Item 8.2

Non-Executive Report of the: **PENSIONS BOARD**

12 March 2018



Report of: Zena Cooke, Corporate Director Resources

Classification: Unrestricted

Local Pension Board General Remit and LBTH Pensions Board Work Plan For 2018/19

Originating Officer(s)	Bola Tobun, Investment and Treasury Manager
Wards affected	All

Summary

The key decision making for, and management of, the Fund has been delegated by the London Borough of Tower Hamlets (the Council) to a formal Pension Fund Committee, supported by officers of the Council and advisers to the Pension Fund. The Corporate Director, Resources is the Section 151 Officer and therefore has a statutory responsibility for the proper financial affairs of the Council including Fund matters.

A local pension board has been in place since April 2015 to assist in:

- · securing compliance of Fund matters; and
- ensuring the efficient and effective governance and administration of the Fund.

The work of the local pension board in assisting the Scheme Manager is broad and extensive, therefore the understanding what the remit for the Board is undoubtedly complex.

This report outlines the general remit of a local pension board and the indicative Work Plan for 2018/19 for Tower Hamlets Pensions Board.

Recommendations:

The Pension Board is asked to

- a) note the contents of this report;
- b) agree the work plan attached as Appendix 1 to this report.

1. REASONS FOR THE DECISIONS

- 1.1 The indicative work plan for the board has been put together to assist in the management of the Fund, so that the Council is able to perform its role as the administering authority in a structured way. The Work Plan is not intended to cover all aspects of Pension Fund administration; rather it is designed to assist with meeting part of its delegated function as administering authority to the Fund
- 1.2 The Pensions Board's role is to assist the Administering Authority in ensuring compliance with the regulations. There are no immediate financial implications attached to this report, although it is recognised that the Pensions Board are able to ask for additional information or resourcing in order to help them to fulfil their role as the Pension Board.

2. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

2.1 The development and implementation of a work plan should ensure that a structured approach is in place for the monitoring and management of the Pension Fund. This should in turn ensure that the Council meets its statutory obligations as administering authority to the Fund. However, the Board is under no obligation to adopt a work plan in carrying out its duties.

3. DETAILS OF REPORT

- 3.1 In accordance with the Public Service Pensions Act 2013 (PSPA) all Board members are required to have knowledge and understanding of pension scheme matters at a level that will allow them to properly exercise the functions of their role.
- 3.2 Although it is early days in terms of the establishment of Pension Boards in the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS), there has clearly been a range of approaches to the way that Boards are established and the matters being considered by individual boards.
- 3.3 At the time the local Pension Boards were being established, the National Scheme Advisory Board issued a Q&A for Pension Boards that included a question on the role of the Board is and it is worth covering the response on this from the Scheme Advisory Board:

What is the role of a Local Pension Board?

a) Regulation 106(1) specifies that each Administering Authority shall establish its own Local Pension Board with responsibility for assisting the Administering Authority to secure compliance with the Regulations, other legislation relating to the governance and administration of the LGPS and the requirements imposed by the Pensions Regulator in relation to the LGPS. In addition it must ensure the effective and efficient governance and administration of the LGPS.

- b) The Local Pension Board does not replace the Administering Authority as scheme manager or make decisions which are the responsibility of the Administering Authority in that role and have been properly delegated to a Pension Committee or officer. The role of the Board should be interpreted as covering all aspects of governance and administration of the LGPS including funding and investments.
- c) The remit of the Local Pension Board can be as wide or as narrow as is decided upon locally. However, it should be borne in mind that under regulation 106(8) of the Regulations, the Local Pension Board shall have the power to do anything which is calculated to facilitate, or is conducive or incidental to, the discharge of any of its functions.
- d) There are many areas of work which a Local Pension Board may be the most appropriate place for that work to take place, consider for example the requirements of the new code of practice no. 14 from the Pensions Regulator. The Local Pension Board could be tasked with reviewing whether the Administering Authority is compliant with the requirements of that code.
- 3.4 The following extract from Schedule A in the full guidance on the establishment and operation of local Pension Boards sets out an example of the remit of a Local Pension Board

SCHEDULE A

Remit of a Local Pension Board

Administering Authorities should remember that the Local Pension Board does not replace the Administering Authority or make decisions or carry out other duties which are the responsibility of the Administering Authority.

- 1) The first core function of the Board is to assist the Administering Authority in securing compliance with the Regulations, any other legislation relating to the governance and administration of the Scheme, and requirements imposed by the Pensions Regulator in relation to the Scheme. Within this extent of this core function the Board may determine the areas it wishes to consider including but not restricted to:
 - a. Review regular compliance monitoring reports which shall include reports to and decisions made under the Regulations by the Committee.
 - b. Review management, administrative and governance processes and procedures in order to ensure they remain compliant with the Regulations, relevant legislation and in particular the Code of Practice.
 - c. Review the compliance of scheme employers with their duties under the Regulations and relevant legislation.
 - d. Assist with the development of and continually review such documentation as is required by the Regulations including Governance

- Compliance Statement, Funding Strategy Statement and Statement of Investment Principles.
- e. Assist with the development of and continually review scheme member and employer communications as required by the Regulations and relevant legislation.
- f. Monitor complaints and performance on the administration and governance of the scheme.
- g. Assist with the application of the Internal Dispute Resolution Process.
- h. Review the complete and proper exercise of Pensions Ombudsman cases.
- i. Review the implementation of revised policies and procedures following changes to the Scheme.
- j. Review the arrangements for the training of Board members and those elected members and officers with delegated responsibilities for the management and administration of the Scheme.
- k. Review the complete and proper exercise of employer and administering authority discretions.
- I. Review the outcome of internal and external audit reports.
- m. Review draft accounts and scheme annual report.
- n. Review the compliance of particular cases, projects or process on request of the Committee.
- o. Any other area within the core function (i.e. assisting the Administering Authority) the Board deems appropriate.
- 2) The second core function of the Board is to ensure the effective and efficient governance and administration of the Scheme. Within this extent of this core function the Board may determine the areas it wishes to consider including but not restricted to:
 - a. Assist with the development of improved customer services.
 - b. Monitor performance of administration, governance and investments against key performance targets and indicators.
 - c. Review the effectiveness of processes for the appointment of advisors and suppliers to the Administering Authority.
 - d. Monitor investment costs including custodian and transaction costs.
 - e. Monitor internal and external audit reports.

- f. Review the risk register as it relates to the scheme manger function of the authority.
- g. Assist with the development of improved management, administration and governance structures and policies.
- h. Review the outcome of actuarial reporting and valuations.
- i. Assist in the development and monitoring of process improvements on request of Committee.
- j. Assist in the development of asset voting and engagement processes and compliance with the UK Stewardship Code.
- k. Any other area within the core function (i.e. ensuring effective and efficient governance of the Scheme) the Board deems appropriate.
- 3.5 In support of its core functions the Local Pension Board may make a request for information to be presented to the Pensions Committee with regard to any aspect of the Administering Authority function. Any such request should be reasonably complied with in both scope and timing.
- 3.6 In support of its core functions the Local Pension Board may make recommendations to the Pensions Committee which should be considered and a response made to the Board on the outcome within a reasonable period of time.
 - Schedule A has been added as an example only it should not be considered an exhaustive list and full consideration should be given locally to the remit of the Local Pension Board.
- 3.7 The Council has specific delegated functions that it has to fulfil as the administering authority to the Pension Fund. This requires that a number of monitoring and management activities are undertaken to ensure that it fully discharges its oversight and governance responsibilities to the Fund.
- 3.8 It is appropriate that the Board should set out how it intends to fulfil its roles and responsibilities. Adopting a planned approach should make monitoring easier for the Board and ensure that activities critical to the effective management of the Fund are being undertaken.
- 3.9 The Key Performance Indicators cover the following areas:
 - a. Investment performance
 - b. Funding level
 - c. Death benefit administration
 - d. Retirement administration
 - e. Benefit statements
 - f. New Joiners
 - g. Transfers in and out
 - h. Employer and member satisfaction
 - i. Data quality
 - j. Contributions monitoring
 - k. Overall administration cost

I. Audit

- 3.10 In line with best practice, a schedule of Pension Fund key performance indicators (KPIs) covering investment and administration practices, will be provided at Pensions Board meetings.
- 3.11 An annual Work Plan will be presented to the Board for agreement. The Work Plan should be presented to the Pension Board by the last board meeting of the prior financial year to which the Work Plan applies.

3.12 WORK PLAN

In designing the work plan, the priorities of the Council as the administering authority of the Fund have been considered and incorporated into the Plan. The Work Plan has been developed using the below outline action plan.

ACTIVITY	PURPOSE
Administration & Governance	
Member training on specific and general issues	To provide training on specific issues based on identified need or emerging/ current issues. To provide ongoing training to members to enable them to challenge the advice received and equip them with the tools to enter into constructive dialogue with advisers.
Pensions Board to receive key performance indicators report on a quarterly basis.	To ensure scheme is run in accordance with agreed service standards; and compliance with regulations and to deal with and rectify any errors and complaints in a timely way.
Review the current pension administration strategy	To ensure scheme is run in accordance with the rules.
Review and refresh key policy documents; the Investment Strategy Statement, Funding Strategy Statement, Governance & Communications Policy Statement as necessary (i.e. where significant changes are made)	Seek pension committee approval and formally publish any updated documents where this is deemed appropriate.
Set up an on-line functionality pensions specific website or microsite	An on line pension specific website is scheduled to be set up towards the latter half of 2018, which will include details on pension administration, pension investments. And to provide a platform for on-line training facilities.
Investment & Accounting	
Draft Pension Fund Annual Accounts approved by the Corporate Director Resources in May 2018.	To ensure that the Council meets the regulatory timetable and fulfils its stewardship role to the Fund.
Audited Pension Fund Annual Report to be published on or before the statutory deadline of 1 December 2018	Ensure that the Council fulfils its statutory obligation and to keep members abreast of the Pension Fund activities in a transparent and accessible way.

Scrutinise and Review the Fund investment strategy	To ensure that the Fund's investment strategy is optimal. There are no current plans for a major investment strategy review over the financial year, although manager underperformance/ market developments may require a review of Strategy.
Review of (Actuarial, Investment Consultant and Independent Adviser and Custodian Services)	This may not lead to full re-tendering for these services, but reviews will be commissioned to ensure that the Fund is still receiving good value for its major services. All options will be considered in the review including joining existing framework contracts.
Training, preparation and review the process of 2016, Triennial Valuation of Pension Fund Assets and Liabilities	The Fund is bound by legislation to undertake an actuarial valuation of its assets and liabilities to ensure that appropriate future contribution rates are set and that any Fund deficit is recovered over an appropriate period of time in line with the Fund's Strategy Statement. This report will present to Members the outcome of this exercise.

4. COMMENTS OF THE CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER

4.1 This report details the pensions board remit and workplan for 2018/19. There are no specific financial implications arising from this report and any costs associated with delivering the pension board workplan will be met by the pension fund.

5. LEGAL COMMENTS

- 5.1 Regulation 106(1) of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 provides for each Administering Authority to establish its own Local Pension Board with responsibility for assisting the Administering Authority to secure compliance with the Regulations, other legislation relating to the governance and administration of the LGPS and the requirements imposed by the Pensions Regulator in relation to the LGPS. The Board must also ensure the effective and efficient governance and administration of the LGPS.
- 5.2 To that end, it is necessary and appropriate for the Pensions Board to have a Work Plan that sets out in detail how it will fulfil its role and comply with its statutory duties. This Work Plan provides for Board members to be well trained and kept up to date and thus fit for purpose.
- 5.3 When making decisions regarding investment of pension funds, the Council must have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful conduct under the Equality Act 2010, the need to advance equality of opportunity and the need to foster good relations between persons who share a protected characteristic and those who don't (the public sector duty).

6. ONE TOWER HAMLETS CONSIDERATIONS

- 6.1 The London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund represents an asset to the Council in terms of its ability for attracting and retaining staff who deliver services to residents. The adoption of a Work Plan should lead to a more effective management of the Fund.
- 6.2 A significant element of the Council's budget is the employer's contribution to the Fund. Therefore, any improvement in the efficiency of the Fund that leads to improvement in investment performance or cost savings will likely reduce contributions from the Council and release funds for other corporate priorities.

7. BEST VALUE (BV) IMPLICATIONS

7.1 A work plan should result in a more efficient process of managing the Pension Fund

8. SUSTAINABLE ACTION FOR A GREENER ENVIRONMENT

8.1 There is no Sustainable Action for A Greener Environment implication arising from this report.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

9.1 The adoption of a work plan will minimise risks relating to the management of the Fund and should assist in managing down the risk of non-compliance with the Council's obligations under the Regulation as the administering authority of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund.

10. CRIME AND DISORDER REDUCTION IMPLICATIONS

10.1 There are no any crime and disorder reduction implications arising from this report.

Linked Reports, Appendices and Background Documents

Linked Report - None

Appendices

Appendix 1 – Pensions Board Work Plan for 2018/19

Local Government Act, 1972 Section 100D (As amended)
List of "Background Papers" used in the preparation of this report - None

Officer contact details for documents:

- Bola Tobun Investment &Treasury Manager x4733
- Mulberry House, 5 Clove Crescent E14 2BG

PENSIONS BOARD

Work Plan

2018/19

Date of Meeting	Title of Report	In-line with PB Terms of	Responsible Officer
		Reference (no.)	
June 2018	Received, Note/Review Pensions Committee Meetings agenda (reports & minutes)	55a	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Quarterly Monitoring Report of Pension Administration Performance Targets & Indicators	55c & 56b	Pensions Manager
	Review of The Pensions Regulator Code of Practice	55a-55e	Investment & Treasury Manager/Pensions Manager
	Review of Risk Management Policy and Risk Register	56f	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Review Draft Account and Fund Annual Report	55l, 55m & 56e	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Review Asset Voting, Engagement Processes & Compliance with the UK Stewardship Code	56j	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Review of Investment Strategy Statement	55d & 55i	Investment & Treasury Manager
September 2018	Received and Review Pensions Committee Meetings agenda (reports & minutes)	55a	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Quarterly Monitoring Report of Pension Administration Performance Targets & Indicators	55c & 56b	Pensions Manager
	Review of Funding Strategy Statement	55d & 55i	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Review of Governance Compliance Statement	55d, 55e & 56g	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Review of The Pensions Regulator Code of Practice	55a-55e	Investment & Treasury Manager/Pensions Manager
	Review of Risk Management Policy and Risk Register	56f	Investment & Treasury Manager

November 2018	Received, Note/Review Pensions Committee Meetings agenda (reports & minutes)	55a	Investment & Treasury Manager
		FF - 0 FOI-	Danaiana Mananan
	Quarterly Monitoring Report of Pension	55c & 56b	Pensions Manager
	Administration Performance Targets & Indicators		
	Review of Communications Policy Statement	55e & 55i	Pensions Manager
	Review Asset Voting, Engagement Processes & Compliance with the UK Stewardship Code	56j	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Monitor Internal and External Audit Reports	56e & 55i	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Review the process of actuarial valuations	56h	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Other Ad-hoc items for consideration		Various
March 2019	Received, Note/Review Pensions Committee Meetings agenda (reports & minutes)	55a	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Quarterly Monitoring Report of Pension Administration Performance Targets & Indicators	55c & 56b	Pensions Manager
	Review of Customer Services Survey	56a	Pensions Manager
	Review Asset Voting, Engagement Processes & Compliance with the UK Stewardship Code	56j	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Review the Performance and Contracts of Service Providers to the Fund	56c	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Member Training - Training Needs Analysis	55j	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Pension Fund Work Plan 2019/20	55i & 55j	Investment & Treasury Manager
	Other Ad-hoc items for consideration		Various

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LONDON BOROUGH OF TOWER HAMLETS

MINUTES OF THE PENSIONS COMMITTEE

HELD AT 7.00 P.M. ON WEDNESDAY, 29 NOVEMBER 2017

ROOM MP702, 7TH FLOOR, TOWN HALL, MULBERRY PLACE, 5 CLOVE CRESCENT, LONDON E14 2BG

Members Present:

Councillor Clare Harrisson (Chair)

Councillor Candida Ronald (Vice-Chair)
Councillor Andrew Wood

Union and Admitted Bodies, Non-Voting Members Present:

Kehinde Akintunde – Unions Representative

Other Councillors Present:

None

Apologies:

Councillor Md. Maium Miah Councillor Rabina Khan Councillor Shiria Khatun John Jones Chair – Pensions Board

Others Present:

Craig Scordellis – CQS
Darren Toner – CQS
Steve Turner – Mercer
Sam Wreford – Mercer

Officers Present:

Neville Murton (Divisional Director Finance, Procurement

and Audit, Resources)

Ngozi Adedeji (Senior Lawyer, Legal Services)
Kevin Miles (Chief Accountant, Resources)

Bola Tobun (Investments and Treasury Manager,

Resources)

Raymond Haines Independent Investment Advisor Georgina Wills (Committee Officer, Governance)

1. DECLARATIONS OF DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTEREST

There were no declarations of disclosable interest.

Councillor Harrison advised the meeting that Councillor Andrew Cregan had resigned from the Pensions Committee and that a request will be made to full Council to appoint a Councillor onto the Committee.

2. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING(S)

The unrestricted minutes of the previous Pensions Committee held on 21 September 2017 was approved as correct record.

Matters Arising

Item 5.1 Investment Strategy Review / Strategic Asset Allocation Review 2017/18 and Carbon & Environmental Footprints Analysis Outcome of the Fund.

The Chair requested that the Fund's Carbon & Environmental Footprint Analysis be revisited in the summer and that that a full review be undertaken and is included as part of the Pensions Committees' Work Plan.

The Chair requested that the London Boroughs of Hackney and Waltham Forest be approached and be requested to share information about their carbon footprint.

3. PETITIONS

None received.

4. SUBMISSIONS / REFERRALS FROM PENSIONS BOARD

The Committee received a report from the Chair of the Pension Board which detailed the work of the Board. The Committee noted that the Board was supportive of the Investment Strategy Review and had received Presentations from PIRC on the Tower Hamlets Fund and the London CIV. The Board also considered a Report on the Risk Register and welcomed the preparatory work which had been undertaken in relation to the document.

The Chair advised that a joint letter by the chairs of the Pensions Board and Pensions Committee was to be sent to the London CIV. The letter will focus on the Governance at the London CIV. The Chair advised that she will liaise with Officers about the letters content.

5. DISCUSSION AND PRESENTATION FROM CQS ON MULTI ASSET CREDIT (MAC)

The Committee received a presentation from Craig Scordellis and Darren Toner from CQS on Multi Asset Credit (MAC). CQS is a credit-focused multi-strategy asset manager which was founded in 1999. CQS provides expertise across the credit spectrum, which includes corporate credit, structured credit, asset backed securities, convertibles and loans. CQS investors include pension funds, insurance companies, sovereign wealth funds, funds of funds, endowments and foundations, and private banks. The Committee during a question and answer session: Noted that

- MAC offers a Broader Opportunity set when compared to vanilla Credit; MAC includes a full spectrum of corporate issuers and asset types.
- With MAC you have access to different Credit asset class with wide range of liquidity profiles over time.
- Credit classes work on different cycles driven by variations in fundamentals, supply/demand dynamics and regulatory environments.
- Within an individual issuer, greater value may be available in selected parts of a capital structure of a loan/credit due to broader technical drivers across the various asset classes.
- Access to substantial floating rate product facilitates a focus on credit risk and mitigates volatility associated with interest rate uncertainty.
- MAC allows access to a Broad Opportunity set which include Investment Grade Bonds, High Yield Bonds, Emerging Market Debt, Secured Loans, Asset Backed Securities (ABS), Convertible Bonds and Private Sub-Investment Grade Debt.
- Extensive fundamental credit research and in-house documentation analysis identifies investment opportunities within capital structures. This includes looking at risks, prices of raw materials, cash flows, jurisdiction surrounding business control and business cycles.
- The main objective is to secure a long-only global portfolio which seeks to exploit opportunities primarily across the sub-investment grade of the credit space via a tactical, multi asset approach.
- Steve Turner, Fund Investment Consultant advised MAC returns are more reliable than the Absolute Return Strategy (ARS) that the Fund has 12% allocation in and MAC usually achieved between 4% to 5% per annum returns.
- London CIV is currently searching for MAC managers and they would be in a position to announce which Fund Managers they will be using in the New Year. The Committee agreed in principle to have asset allocation to MAC pending further work being carried out by the consultant and officers working in collaboration with London CIV. The Committee requested for an update be provided at their next meeting.

Members thanked representatives from CQS for their presentation.

RESOLVED

- 1. That Officers look at potential outcomes in relations to Multi Asset Credit and this should include risk mapping, potential savings and also benchmarking within and outside the CIV and that the report is provided at their next meeting: and
- 2. That Officers provide recommendation about MAC and that they liaise with Mercer, Fund Investment Consultant about redistributing from Insight and or GSAM in particular whether there should be a percentage reduction from each or all from one and that they assess management selection and that they also obtain a view from the CIV.

6. REPORTS FOR CONSIDERATION

6.1 Updated Investment Strategy Statement, November 2017

Bola Tobun, Investment and Treasury Manager presented a report which gave an outline of the Updated Investment Strategy Statement. Following the 2016 actuarial valuation; the Pensions Committee initiated an investment strategy review. As a first step, the Pensions Committee received a scoping presentation at its meeting on 31st July 2017. The Committee's investment consultants, Mercer completed the strategy review which was presented to the Committee on 21st September 2017.

At the 21st September 2017 meeting, the Pensions Committee agreed that, in the interests of pursuing further diversification of the Fund's return seeking portfolio, and protecting its current buoyant equity asset value, further work be undertaken to achieve:

- an allocation to Multi-Asset Credit (MAC);
- downside protection with regard to equity risk; and
- Allocating to long-term illiquid asset classes (long lease, private debt and infrastructure.

Members noted that the Equity Portfolio had been repositioned from UK Equity to Global Equity and this was reflected in their strategy statement. Members requested that the Investment Strategy Statement be kept updated and reflect all changes that are made to the LBTH Pensions Fund. The Investment Strategy Statement was viewed as good aide in helping to demonstrate transparency.

The Chair commented that a lot of work had been undertaken around sustainable investment / ESG in particular around Low Carbon and asked that a positive statement be included in point 9.3 (Sustainable Investment / ESG) about where the Fund is in relation to ESG and the reasons why such decisions had been made.

Members noted that further work was being undertaken on long lease, private debt and infrastructure and that they were to receive training in the above areas and also hold further discussion on those topics at a future Committee. The Committee noted the importance of securing the right Fund Managers for the above investments. Members noted that the London CIV may have their own Fund Managers and agreed that this should be reviewed at a future meeting.

RESOLVED

- 1. To note and approve the updated Investment Strategy Statement attached as Appendix 1 of this report;
- 2. That the decision to agree an allocation of 6% to Multi-Asset Credit (MAC) in line with the investment strategy outcome presented by the investment consultant, Mercer, at the Pension Committee meeting on the 31st July 2017 be deferred to the next meeting
- 3. That they receive a further paper on Multi-Asset Credit (MAC)
- 4. That training on Infrastructure is delivered at their next meeting; and
- 5. That a positive statement be included in point 9.3 (Sustainable Investment / ESG) about the where the Fund is in relation to ESG and the reasons why these decision was made and that Officer liaise with the Chair and Vice- Chair when drafting the summary.

6.2 Update on Market Outlook and the Fund Investment Managers by the Independent Adviser for Quarter Ending 30th September 2017

Raymond Haines, the Fund's Independent Advisor presented a report which detailed the views of the Independent Adviser on the performance of the markets and the Pension Fund investment and the Pensions Fund investment managers for the second guarter of 2017/2018.

The Committee was advised that the Global equity markets moved ahead with the MSCI World Index (+2.0 in GBP) reaching record highs despite ongoing geopolitical tensions, tighter US monetary policy and the US Federal Reserve announcing that the size of its balance sheet would be reduced. The UK market underperformed, but UK mid-cap stocks delivered better returns, this was due to the strength of sterling. European markets (+3.6% in GBP) and Emerging markets equities (+4.6 continued to perform well. Rising commodity prices also supported emerging market equities.

The previous concerns raised about risks not being priced properly has been addressed by Jonathan Ruffer who suggest that 'the market was the most difficult market in memory and was comparable to the TMT boom in 1999. This is attributed to the cost of money namely interest rate.

There is a general consensus across the managers that the economic outlook is positive and stable, however fund managers such as Baillie Gifford have

been taking some risk of the table. In the Diversified Growth Fund it is cautioning that there is a clear risk that the path of monetary policy in the developed world, particularly in the US, becomes less supportive for investment markets. The nine year long period of extraordinarily loose monetary policy since the Financial Crisis has driven asset prices higher than wished. This has pushed an increasing number of markets to a point where they are at least fully valued or expensive. An unexpected or sudden removal of stimulus would likely have a detrimental impact on sentiment and market levels. There should be more focus on protection and diversification.

Mr Haines advised the Committee that he was to retire from his position as independent Advisor and that the meeting would be his last. The Chair thanked Mr Haines for his service to the Pensions Committee during the past 15 years and commented on the clarity and contents of his reports. The Committee wished Mr Haines well in his future roles.

RESOLVED

That the contents of the report be noted.

6.3 Investment and Fund Managers Performance Review for Quarter Ending 30th September 2017

Kevin Miles, Chief Accountant presented a report which informed Members of the performance of the Pension Fund and its investment managers for the second quarter of 2017/18.

The Fund delivered a positive return of 2.2% for the quarter, outperforming its benchmark return of 1.7% by 0.5%. For the twelve months to September 2017, the Fund returned 11.7% outperforming the benchmark of 10.4%. Looking at the longer term performance, the three year return for the Fund was 10.3% also ahead the benchmark return by 0.3% for that period. Over the five years, the Fund posted a return of 10.9% outperforming the benchmark return of 10.3% by 0.6%.

For this quarter end, five out of the nine mandates matched or achieved returns above the benchmark. The four that did not reach the benchmarks were the mandates with LCIV Ruffer, LCIV BG (DGF), Insight and GSAM. Overall for this reporting quarter the Fund performance was ahead of its benchmark.

For 12 months to end of reporting quarter, the Fund is ahead of its benchmark by 1.3%. Three out of the nine mandates underperformed their respective benchmark. The mandates that lagged behind their respective benchmarks were LCIV Ruffer lagged behind by -2.4%, Insight lagged behind by -2.7% and GSAM by -3.3%.

The Fund is still in line with its long term strategic equity asset allocation and the distribution of the Fund's assets amongst the different asset classes is broadly in line with the strategic benchmark weight.

Steve Turner, Fund's Investment Consultant, Mercer queried the accuracy of State Street figures for Baillie Gifford Fund and advised that the forecast that

was provided may be erroneous and that this would have an impact on the Funds returns. Officers were advised that they would need to revisit the set of figures provided and make the necessary revisions if required.

Members requested that reports be printed in colour if they contain graphs and figures.

RESOLVED

- To note the contents of the report in respect of the Investment and Fund Managers Performance Review for Quarter Ending 30th September 2017; and
- 2. That Officers revisits figures provided by State Streets for Baillie Gifford and make any necessary revisions if required.

6.4 Update on Pension Fund Procurement Plans 2017/18

Bola Tobun, Investment and Treasury Manager presented a report which provided an update on the ongoing procurement activity in relation to the Pension Fund. The outcome from the current activity will be to secure a new contract with a global custodian and the appointment of the independent adviser to the Fund. In both of these cases, the contracts or arrangements have been in place for long periods of time and therefore it is appropriate to carry out a formal review of the requirements, followed by the appropriate procurement activity.

The Council has an overarching responsibility to maintain the Pension Fund. It is essential that the Fund has the right range of advisers to support the Pension Fund Trustees (Pension Committee) to discharge its responsibilities. It is therefore essential to have both a Global Custodian and an Independent Investment Adviser for the Fund.

Within the terms of reference for the Pensions Committee, they are required 'to make arrangements for the appointment of and to appoint suitably qualified pension fund administrators, advisers, investment managers and custodians and periodically to review those arrangements.

The contents of this report and the procurement process demonstrate that this Committee is meeting both its regulatory and constitutional requirements.

The Committee held a brief discussion about the vacancies and agreed that the Chair, Councillor Candida Ronald, Councillor Andrew Wood and also Kehinde Akintunde be involved with the appointment of the Independent Advisor. Officers agreed to canvass Members about possible dates and times for holding interviews. It is anticipated that the above vacancy will be filled before the next Committee. Members commented about their current Independent Advisor and noted that his delivery of the economic forecast was clear and easily understood.

RESOLVED

- 1. To note the contents of this report in respect to the update on the Pension Fund Procurement Plans 2017/2018; and
- 2. That Officer canvasses Members about possible dates and times to hold interviews for the Independent Advisor.

6.5 Work Plan Update for 2017/18

Bola Tobun, Investment and Treasury Manager presented a report which outlined the Work Plan for the Council's statutory function as the administering authority of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets Pension Fund.

Under the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) Regulations, the Council is required to maintain a Pension Fund for its employees and other scheduled bodies as defined in the Regulations. The Regulations also empower the Fund to admit employees of other defined (e.g. other public bodies, housing corporations) bodies into the Fund.

The work plan for the authority has been put together to assist in the management of the Fund, so that the Council is able to perform its role as the administering authority in a structured way. The Work Plan is not intended to cover all aspects of Pension Fund administration; rather it is designed to assist with meeting part of its delegated function as administering authority to the Fund.

The Pension Committee is charged with meeting the duties of the Council in respect of the Pension Fund. Therefore it is appropriate that the Committee formally adopts a work plan to assist with the discharge of its duties.

Members welcomed their Work Plan and commented that members on the Pensions Committee were reasonably experienced and that it would be prudent to make a number of decisions at their next meeting and also to obtain a steer on the future of the Fund and investments.

RESOLVED

That the contents of this report be noted

6.6 Pension Scheme Admin Report November 2017

Kevin Mills, Chief Accountant presented a report which covers the activities and performances of the Pensions Administration. Members were advised that a Secondment will be returning to the Pensions Team in December and that a Level 2 apprentice will also be leaving the Team in the same month. The secondment support from Surrey County Council will be providing support to management on an as when needed rather than two fixed days.

Member were provided an update on the various projects which the Team was undertaken which included, GMP reconciliation, Member Self Service, Transfer Amnesty, iConnect and Data Quality. Member held a brief discussion about the report and noted that the Team had performed well in relation to the seven performance indicators but had also had dipped and stalled in the same number of indicators. Members commented that additional support had been provided to the Team and that dips in the Team's performance needed to be guarded. Members requested that feedback is provided about the team's performance. The meeting was advised that the Pensions Board was also taking a lead in relation to the Teams performance.

Members also raised concerns about the contents of the Report and requested that more analysis and better detailed information about the Team's Performance is provided in future reports. Members commented that they had received a report about outsourcing work and noted that the Pensions Administration Team would be included in the Human Resources restructure and that there were proposal for the Team to be moved into Finance. There is ongoing consultation about the restructure

Officers were advised that the Pensions Manager will attend their next meeting.

RESOLVED:

- 1. To note the contents of the report in respect to the activities and performance of the Pensions Administration Team.
- 2. That the Pension Scheme Administration Report is more detailed and contains more analysis; and
- 3. That the Pension Manager attends the next Pensions Committee.

7. TRAINING EVENTS

Members held a brief discussion about Training and asked the Committee to forward suggestions on how they could be delivered in the future. The Chair stressed the importance of ensuring that the Pensions Committee has the requisite skill set which would enable them to retain their Professional rating. The Chair advised that she will be writing to Political Leaders about allocations to the Pensions Committee and will be requesting that they take into consideration their members' background when appointing to the Committee.

The Chair commented that the Committee's composition would be clearer after the 5 May (Local Elections) and that Training would need to be levied at member's knowledge base. There were concerns with the MIFID training

Members noted that there were a number of absences on the Committee and that Tony Child (Co-Optee Admitted Bodies Representative) had retired. The Chair advised that a request will be made for returning Members to be reappointed onto the Pensions Committee.

RESOLVED

That the Chair writes to Political Leaders about appointing prospective Councillors onto the Pensions Committee in the new municipal year.

8. ANY OTHER BUSINESS CONSIDERED TO BE URGENT

None.

9. DATE OF FUTURE MEETINGS

14 March 2018

10. EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

The Chair moved and it was

RESOLVED

That press and public be excluded from the remainder of the meeting in that under the provisions of Section 100A of the Local Government Act 1972, as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985, the press and public be excluded from the remainder of the meeting for the consideration of the Section Two business on the grounds that it contains information defined as Exempt in Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act, 1972." which relates to information relating to a particular employee, former employee or applicant to become an employee of, or a particular officeholder, former office-holder or applicant to become an officeholder under, the authority.

11. RESTRICTED MINUTES

This item was discussed in closed session.

12. ANY OTHER RESTRICTED BUSINESS

None.

The meeting ended at 8.45 p.m.

Chair, Councillor Clare Harrisson Pensions Committee

Agenda Item 15

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

Document is Restricted



Agenda Item 16

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

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